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Science & Technology Planning (S&TP)



Appropriate

Know-Why

Technology (AT)

Know-How

Foreign Direct

Production Techniques

Research and

Investments (FDI)

.(Invention and Innovation)

Development (R&D)

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More Static (

More ()

Dynamic

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Possibilities ()

Abilities

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Know-How⁽¹¹⁾

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Know-Why

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Foreign)

Direct Import ()
Direct Investment (FDI)

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Capital (K)

Labor (L)
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K/L Ratio /

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Jacob Schmookler
Nathan Rosenberg (30)

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Geo-conditional

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POP

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Mass Production



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K/L Ratio /

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Input-Output Approach



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S&T PLANNING IN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT: POSIBLITIES AND RESTRICTIONS

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Abstract

The developed and underdevelopment economies being advanced scientifically and technologically by virtue of pointed plan and scientifically headquartered and officially within strategy of every country. In situation of this direction hereby the responsibility of fulfilled scientific and technical catching-up for any economy faced by huge tasks, in front of all: the good encirclement in possibilities of success of this type of planning, the needed possibilities for it, and the methodology of technological planning.

This study aims to “determine and analysis possibilities and blocking restrictions of Science and technology (S&T) planning, the important core in knowledge-based economic development in developing countries and the obstacles which limiting the formation of operations in developing the economy”. The hypothesis is “that the operation of right scientific flag of (S&T) plan in the development economic be specified by three main dimensions, which are: The need, the



possibilities, and surpassing of the difficulties. These so called determinants are limited by: Interior factors, external factors, and Geo-interior - external factors". These so many factors are detailed at the conclusion of the study.

The paper found that there may be a need for planning the two types of technology: The more-static and more-dynamic plan, and that the planning limits on the official sectors. This need follows from the need for choice and change technology in all official, unofficial, and semi-official sectors, according to the development stage which the country passes.

Key words: Science and Technology Planning, Economic Development, Possibilities and Restrictions Planning.

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