

## دراسة بكتريولوجية ووراثية على البكتريا المسببة لحب الشباب

### الخلاصة

١٠.٢% (٤٦.٩%) (٥٣.١%)  
*S. aureus* *Staphylococcus epidermidis*  
*Propionibacterium acnes*  
*P. acnes* % ٧٦.٩ *S. aureus* *S. epidermidis*  
*S. aureus* % ٧١.٤ *S. epidermidis*  
*S. aureus* *S. epidermidis*  
*Escherichia coli* MM294

### Abstract

A total of two hundred and fifteen samples were collected from 166 patients of both sexes at the ages of 13-33 years who were suffering from acne vulgaris. The infection frequency of acne vulgaris was 46.9% in males and 53.1% in females, while the percentages of severity of infection were 10.2% and 15.3% in females and males, respectively. Two hundred aerobic and anaerobic gram positive isolates were isolated and identified. Out of these, 110 were *Staphylococcus epidermidis*, 26 were *S. aureus* and 64 were *Propionibacterium acnes*. The antibiotic susceptibility tests of these isolates towards 19 antibiotics were checked and found that the isolates having multiresistance for some antibiotics. A number of virulence factors were studied and it was found that 100% of *S. epidermidis* and *S. aureus* isolates along with 76.9% of *P. acnes* isolates were able to produce of  $\beta$ -lactamase. All isolates were able to produce of lipase which play an essential role in infection, while 71.4% of *S. epidermidis* and 57.1% of *S. aureus* isolates were able to produce of extracellular slime substances. Agarose gel electrophoresis of whole DNA of 7 isolates of each species of *P. acnes*, *S. epidermidis* and *S. aureus* showed that these isolates were harboured two or three plasmid bands. These were checked by transformation experiments after their expression in *Escherichia coli* MM294.

### Introduction

### المقدمة

(Acne Vulgaris)

(Pilosebaceous Unit)

(Burkhart,

(Sebum)

. 2003)

. (Thiboutot, 2000)

(Comedon)

(Non – Inflammatory)

(Pustules) (Papules) (Inflammatory)  
 (Webster, (Scars) (Nodules)  
 . 2002)

*S. epidermidis* *S. aureus* *P. acnes*  
 (Nishijima (Webster, 1995)  
*et al.*,2000)

(Webster,2002)  $\beta$ - Lactamase

## Materials and Methods

### Collection of samples .1

33-13

(%70)

3-2

Thioglycolate broth (Biolife)

### Bacterial isolates - 2

Blood

MacConkey agar(Biolife) agar base(Mast)

. %1 Tween 80

*E. coli*

.(MacFaddin, 2000)

*E. coli* HB101 MM294

### Antibiotic susceptibility test - 3

19

.( 2005) NCCLS Oxoid

### Production of extracellular slime substances - 4

Trypticase soy broth(Oxoid)

.(Christensen *et al.*,1982)

### Production of $\beta$ -Lactamase -5

(Rapid Idometric Method)

. (Collee *et al.*,1996)  $\beta$ -Lactamase

### Production of lipase - 6

(1976) Harryigan and Mafacne

**Extraction of whole DNA** - 7  
 Pospiech and Neuman (Salting out) (1995)

**Gel electrophoresis** - 8  
 . (Maniatis *et al.*,1982)

**Bacterial transformation** - 9  
*E.coli* MM294 .(1982) Maniatis

### Results and Discussion

(% , ) " (1 )

.1

						( )
40.4		37.1		43.1		-
43.4		48.7		38.6		-
9.6		7.6		11.3		-
6.6		6.4		6.8		-
		46.9		,		

.(Yeung *et al.* 2002)

% 43.4

-

-

% 40.4

-

. % 6.6

-

% 9.6

(Rossen and Roed -

-

-

Petersen, 1993; Sharpe, 1995)

% 25.6 % 20.4

% 58.9 % 69.3

(Goulden *et al.*, 1997; Stathakis *et al.*, 1997)

. 2

53.1		10.2		69.3		20.4		
46.9		15.3		58.9		25.6		
		12.6				22.8		

3

*P. acnes*                      *S. epidermidis*                      120                      95  
 . *S. aureus*

. 3

		<i>S. aureus</i>		<i>P. acnes</i>		<i>S. epidermidis</i>		
	10.8		48.6		40.5		95	
126	13.7		21.3				120	
200	12.6		31.2		53.6		215	

*P.*                      -                      (% )                      *S. aureus*                      *S. epidermidis*  
 .(%76.92)                      *acnes*  
 %                      .(4 )  
*P. acnes*                      % 76.9                      *S. aureus*                      *S. epidermidis*  
 .(5 )

$\beta$  - Lactam

*S. aureus*                      *S. epidermidis*                      *P. acnes*

.( Bonfiglio and Livermore, 1994; Coates *et al.*, 2002)

. (Webster, 2002)

*P.acnes S.epidermidis S.aureus* .4

:			( / )		
<i>S.aureus</i>	<i>S.epidermidis</i>	<i>P.acnes</i>			
100(R)	100(R)	76.92 (R)	IU	Penicillin G	
0(S)	0(S)	23.07 (S)			
69.23(R)	54.54(R)	61.53 (R)	10	Ampicillin	
30.76(S)	45.45(S)	38.46 (S)			
65.38(R)	68.18(R)	53.84(R)	30	Ampiclox	
34.61(S)	31.81(S)	46.15(S)			
76.92(R)	72.72(R)	69.23 (R)	25	Amoxycillin	
23.07(S)	27.27(S)	30.76 (S)			
15.38(R)	23.63(R)	30.76(R)	30	Cephalexin	
84.61(S)	76.36(S)	69.23(S)			
30.67(R)	29.09(R)	23.07(R)	30	Cefotaxime	
69.23(S)	70.90(S)	76.92(S)			
42.30(R)	14.54(R)	23.07(R)	30	Amikacin	
57.69(S)	85.45(S)	76.92(S)			
19.23(R)	20.90(R)	15.38(R)	30	Neomycin	
80.76(S)	79.09(S)	84.61(S)			
42.30(R)	21.81(R)	15.38(R)	10	Gentamycin	
57.69(S)	78.18(S)	84.61(S)			
26.92(R)	29.09(R)	23.07(R)	5	Ciprofloxacin	
73.07(S)	70.90(S)	76.92(S)			
42.30(R)	18.18(R)	23.07(R)	30	Chloramphenicol	
57.69(S)	81.81(S)	76.92(S)			
7.69(R)	14.54(R)	15.38(R)	5	Rifampicin	
92.30(S)	85.45(S)	84.61(S)			
46.15(R)	42.72(R)	46.15(R)	30	Tetracycline	
53.84(S)	57.27(S)	53.84(S)			
3.84(R)	2.72(R)	7.69(R)	30	Doxycycline	
96.15(S)	97.27(S)	92.30(S)			
42.30(R)	27.27(R)	15.38(R)	1.25+23.75 (25)	Trimethoprim / Sulfamethoxazol	
57.69(S)	72.72(S)	84.61(S)			
46.15(R)	43.63(R)	46.15(R)	15	Erythromycin	
53.84(S)	56.36(S)	53.84(S)			
7.69(R)	6.36(R)	15.38(R)	2	Clindamycin	
92.30(S)	93.63(S)	84.61(S)			
42.30(R)	23.63(R)	15.38(R)	2	Lincomycin	
57.69(S)	76.36(S)	84.61(S)			
7.69(R)	10(R)	15.38(R)	10	Imipenem	
92.30(S)	90(S)	84.61(S)			

R: مقاومة (Resistance) ، S : حساسة (Sensitive) ، IU : وحدة دولية (International unit).

5.

( )			
		<i>S. epidermidis</i>	
		<i>S. aureus</i>	
		<i>P. acnes</i>	

(Foley and Perret,

*S. aureus S. epidermidis*

-  
(1962)

*S. epidermidis*

(Cramtone *et al.*, 1999 )

TSB

*S. aureus*

(Christensin *et al.*, 1982)

(Christensin *et al.*, 1987; Tunney *et al.*, 1998)

*P. acnes*

)

( )

pBR322

(pBR322

Glutz Rehberger

pBR322

*P. acnes*

( )

)

*S. epidermidis*

( )

(CCC)

(pBR322

*S. epidermidis*

(L)

(Macrolides , Lincosmide ,

(Parisi *et al.*, 1981; Leelaporn

Streptogramine (MLS) )

*et al.*, 1995)

)

*S. aureus*

( )

( pBR322

(L)

(CCC)

(OC)

(L)

(CCC)

*S. aureus*

(Tennent *et al.*, 1985)

*S. aureus S. epidermidis P. acnes*

*S. epidermidis*

(Jaffe *et al.*, 1980;

*S. aureus*

.Naidoo and Noble, 1987)

*S. epidermidis* (SE<sub>2</sub>)

*E. coli* MM294

pBR322

*S. aureus* (SA<sub>1</sub>)

*E. coli* MM294

( ) SA<sub>1</sub> SE<sub>2</sub>

*E. coli* MM294

SA<sub>1</sub> SE<sub>2</sub>

(GryCzan *et al.*, 1978; Tennent *et al.*, 1985) *E. coli*

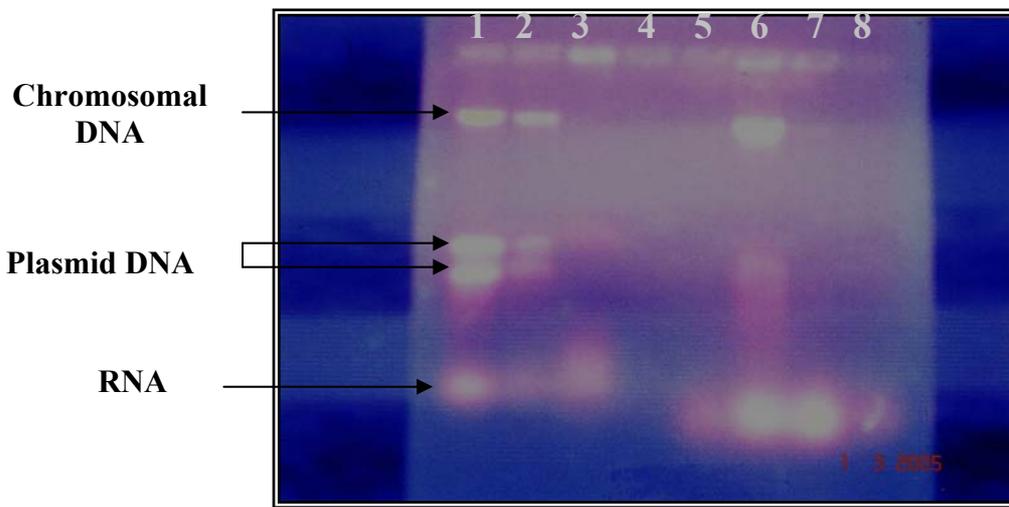
*S. aureus*

*S. aureus*

( 0 )

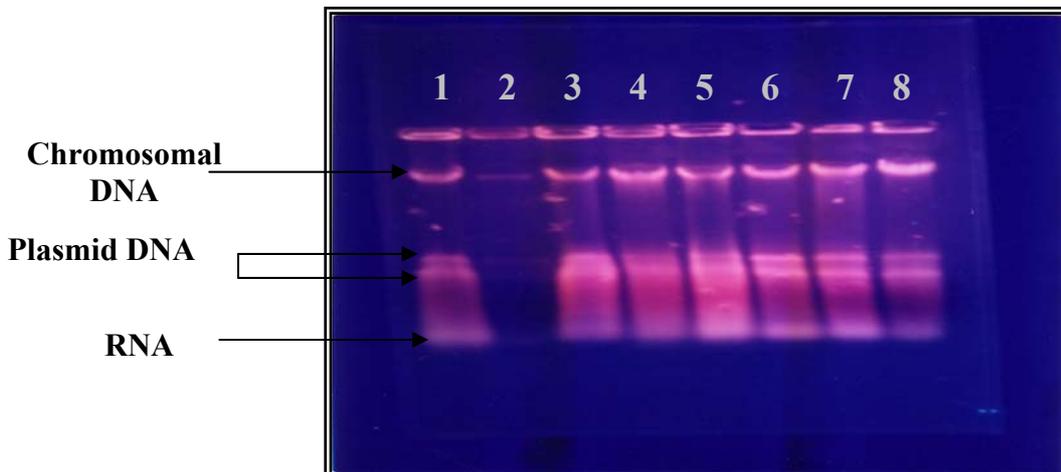
Jaffe

*S. epidermidis*



(% , )  
*P. acnes*

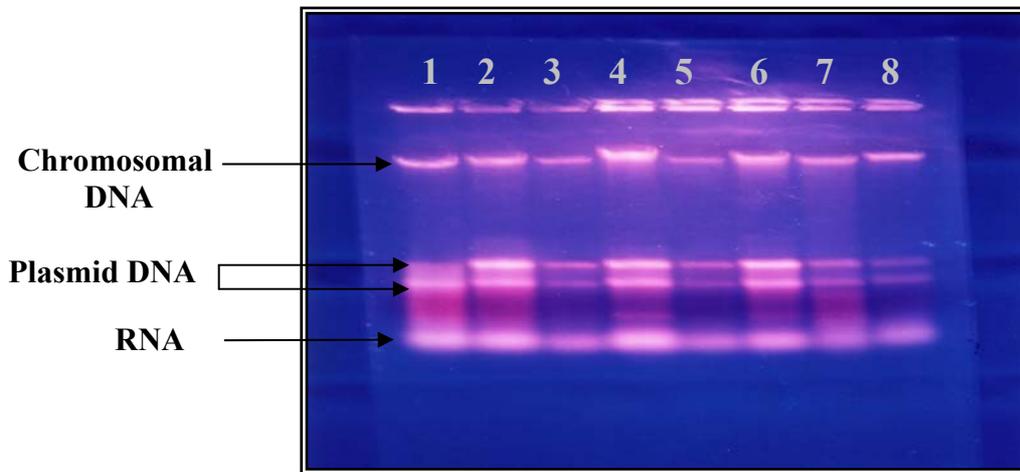
PA <sub>4</sub>	:	5	pBR322	:
PA <sub>5</sub>	:		PA <sub>1</sub>	:
PA <sub>6</sub>	:		PA <sub>2</sub>	:
PA <sub>7</sub>	:	8	PA <sub>3</sub>	:



(% 0.8)

*S. epidermidis*

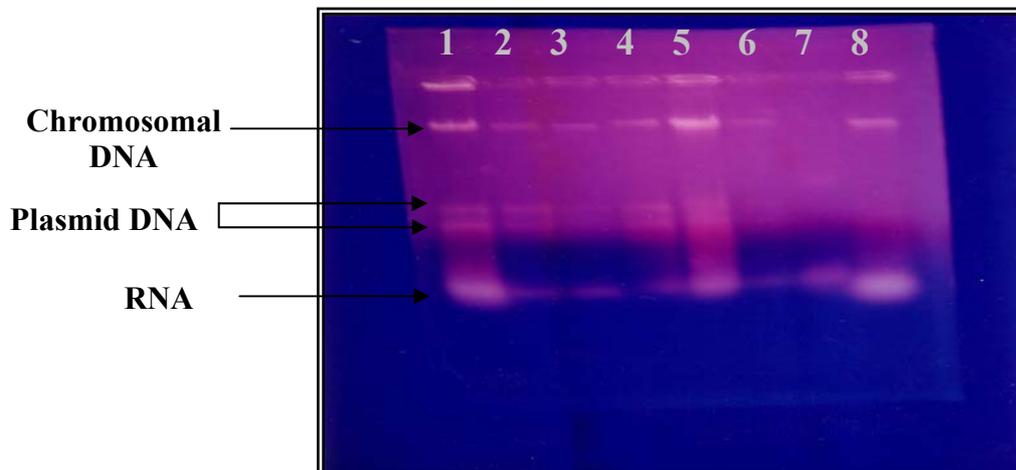
SE <sub>4</sub>	:	pBR322	:
SE <sub>5</sub>	:	SE <sub>1</sub>	:
SE <sub>6</sub>	:	SE <sub>2</sub>	:
SE <sub>7</sub>	:	SE <sub>3</sub>	:



(% 0.8)

*S. aureus*

SA <sub>4</sub>	:	pBR322	:
SA <sub>5</sub>	:	SA <sub>1</sub>	:
SA <sub>6</sub>	:	SA <sub>2</sub>	:
SA <sub>7</sub>	:	SA <sub>3</sub>	:





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