

Treatment of breast cancer by 6 MeV gamma photons with Gold nanoparticles

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1-Abstract:

Gold nanoparticles are characterised by their small size to volume ratio and extensive thermal stability. Gold nanoparticles (AuNPs) are an obvious choice in medical application due to their amenability of synthesis and functionalization, less toxicity and ease of detection. The present paper focuses on treatment of the breast cancer by high energy photons of gamma ray (6MeV.) and gold nanoparticles while preserving the shape of the breast and prevents the risk of recurrence of breast cancer. This of course in a minimum dose given for patient i.e. enhancing the radiotherapy that is used in breast cancer treatment due to pair production phenomena.

معالجة سرطان الثدي بفوتونات كاما ذات طاقة 6 ميكالكترن فولت مع جسيمات الذهب النانوية

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1- جامعة الكوفة – كلية التربية للبنات – قسم الفيزياء

2- جامعة الكوفة – كلية العلوم – قسم الفيزياء

الخلاصة :

جسيمات الذهب النانوية تتميز بالقياس الصغير نسبة إلى الحجم ومستقرة حرارياً. إن اختيار جسيمات الذهب النانوية في التطبيقات الطبية هو اختيار جيد بسبب القدرة على تصنيعها , لا يتفاعل مع النسيج الحيوي, لا يتأكسد فلا ينتج آثار سمية في النسيج الحي أيضاً من مميزاته انه عنصر ثقيل نسبة إلى عناصر النسيج الحيوي لذا سهولة الكشف عنه داخل النسيج الحيوي وضمان حدوث ظاهرة إنتاج الزوج الالكتروني عند تفاعل الذهب مع فوتونات كاما ذات الطاقة العالية 6 ميكالكترن فولت. في هذا البحث سنركز على كيفية علاج سرطان الثدي بواسطة فوتونات أشعة كاما ذات الطاقة العالية (6ميكالكترن فولت) عند تفاعلها مع جسيمات الذهب النانوية مع البقاء على شكل الثدي دون استئصاله , أيضاً منع خطورة إعادة المرض بعد العلاج هذا بالطبع بأقل جرعة من الإشعاع تعطى للمريض . بعبارة أخرى تحسين العلاج بالإشعاع المستخدم في علاج سرطان الثدي بالاعتماد على ظاهرة إنتاج الزوج الالكتروني .

2-Introduction:

Breast cancer is the most common type of cancer among women worldwide. “Global Breast Cancer Statistics” has reported that breast cancer is the most common form of cancer for women.[1] Breast cancer is the most frequently diagnosed cancer and the second most common cancer following only lung cancer cause of death for women.[2]

Breast cancer is a malignant tumor that starts from cells of the breast. A malignant tumor is a group of cancer cells that may grow into (invade) surrounding tissues or spread (metastasis) to distant areas of the body. The disease occurs almost entirely in women, but men can get it, too. Female breast cancer is a major medical problem with significant public health. Major advances have been made in the past 40 years in understanding the biologic and clinical nature of the disease.[3]

Gold nanoparticles (AuNPs) are used in therapeutics due to their unique properties of small size, large surface area to volume ratio, high reactivity to the living cells, stability over high temperatures and translocation into the cells, etc.[4] GNPs are the colloidal suspension of gold particles of nanometer sizes[5]. The size of GNPs is determined mainly by the salt concentration, temperature and rate of addition of reactants resulting in size range of 10–25 nm. However, the size range of 1–100 nm or more can also be achieved by varying the salt concentration and temperature. [6]

Therapy combined with metallic nanoparticles is a new way to treat cancer, in which gold nanoparticles (GNPs) are injected and bound to tumor sites. When an external photon-ray source hits these nanoparticles, particles can subsequently generate radicals that damage cancer cells and induce cell apoptosis. Results have shown improvement in the treatment effects on cancer cells with little or no increase in harm to normal surrounding

tissues in mice models. In a translation study, GNPs were used to enhance cancer apoptosis by radiotherapy.[7]

3-Theoretical Models:

3-A:Equation derivation

Photons may undergo various possible interactions with atoms of an attenuator (photo electric effect, Compton scattering and pair production); the probability (cross-section) for each interaction depends on the energy $h\nu$ of the photon and on the atomic number Z of the matter (attenuator). When the energy of photon 6MeV . and the attenuator is the gold ($Z=79$) the pair production (electron and positron) process is prevailing these electrons and positrons generate free radicals then cause damage to DNA of cancer cells. [8]

The linear attenuation coefficient (μ) relate with probability for pair production interaction (cross section σ in unit cm^2 or barn, $1\text{barn}=10^{-24}\text{cm}^2$) by the following relation:[9]

$$\mu = N_A \sigma / A \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

Where μ : linear attenuation coefficient (cm^{-1}), N_A is Avogadro's number ($= 6.022 \times 10^{23}$ atoms/mol), σ : the microscopic cross section for reaction (cm^2) and A is weight No.[10]

Equation 1 for one gram and for several grams eq. 1 becomes

$$\mu = N_A \sigma w / A \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

w : is the weight (gram).

Dividing both sides by ρ (density g/cm^3)

$$\mu / \rho = N_A \sigma w / \rho A \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

μ / ρ : mass attenuation coeff. (cm^2/g)

From eq.3 we get

$$\sigma = \frac{(\mu / \rho) \rho A}{N_A w} \dots\dots\dots (4)$$

the equation of irradiation by photons is given by

$$N = \phi t N_0 \sigma \dots\dots\dots (5)$$

N: The number of cells remains after irradiation.

ϕ : is the flux of particles (particle/cm².sec.) the number of particles per unit time per unit solid angle.

t: is the time of exposure to radiation(second).

N₀: is the number of cells cancer per unit volume (cell/cm³). [8], [11], [12]

For photons of high energy (6MeV.) and the attenuator is the gold (Z=79) the pair production(electron and positron) process is prevailing therefore the equation of irradiation becomes:

$$N = \phi t N_0 \sigma \dots\dots\dots (6)$$

By substitute eq.4 in eq.6 we get the final eq. for irradiation

$$N = \phi t N_0 \frac{(\mu/\rho) \rho A}{N_A w} \dots\dots\dots (7)$$

3-B: Theoretical Calculation and results

The mass attenuation coefficient for gold and breast can be calculated through the photon energy and number of atoms. from the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST2004) [13] and The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST1998), [14] and encyclopedia of medical devices and instrumentation, [15].

Fractionation was assumed to create a favorable therapeutic ratio because the tolerance of normal tissues increased

relative to that of tumors and because malignant cells had a greater reproductive capacity and were, therefore, more likely to be in a radiosensitive phase. [16]

Computer simulation was developed in fortran(power station 90) using equation (7) for a breast without Gold nanoparticles (GNPs). The energy of incident photon was 6MeV. The flux was 10¹⁸ (photon/cm².s) and time of irradiation was 1200 sec.(20 min.). The results were in agreement with those of fractionation in radiotherapy.[16]

The results in table (1) were in agreement in dose fractionation with the dose fractionation of radiotherapy. [16]And agreement in result with world results where The 44-62 Gy dose of irradiation gives low damage in nucleus of cancer cells. [17]

When we applied the same equation (7) with gold nano-particles in weights of (0.001;0.01;0.1;0.002;0.02;0.2;0.003;0.03; 0.3;0.004;0.04;0.4;0.005,0.05;0.5) grams , the energy of incident photon 6MeV. , the flux is 10¹⁸ ,and the time of irradiation 1200 sec. by using Fortran program then we find enhancement in radiotherapy and this result in agreement with literatures in the world.[7][18][19][20][21][22][23]

Table 1: Radiotherapy for breast cancer irradiated by 6MeV gamma photons without gold nanoparticles.

Dose (Gy)	NO. of cancer cells	NO. of destroyed cells	NO. of cells remaining
2	1013233977	333548	1012900429
4	513321546	168981	513152565
6	260057416	85608	259971807
8	131749505	43370	131706134
10	66746537	21972	66724565
12	33814929	11131	33803798
14	17131217	5639	17125578
16	8678966	2857	8676109
18	4396911	1447	4395464
20	2227550	733	2226816
22	1128514	371	1128143
24	571724	188	571536
26	289645	95	289550
28	146739	48	146691
30	74340	24	74316
32	37662	12	37649
34	19080	6	19074
36	9666	3	9663
38	4897	1.6	4895.4
40	2480	0.8167	2480.1731
42	1256	0.4138	256.4978
44	636	0.2096	636.5631
46	322	0.1062	322.4937
48	163	0.0538	163.3808
50	82	0.0273	82.7715
52	41	0.0138	41.9334
54	21	0.0070	21.2442
56	10	0.0035	10.7627
58	5	0.0018	5.4526
60	2	0.0009	2.7624
62	1.4	0.0005	1.3995

Table-2(A) : Number of destroyed cancer cells by dose fractionation when photon energy 6MeV., flux 10^{18} (photon/cm².sec.), irradiation time 1200 sec. ; gold density 19.32 g/cm³, photon energy ; mass number of gold 196.97 ; breast average atomic weight (A) 9.673, breast density 0.960 g/cm³, concentration of gold nanoparticles (0.001-0.3)g. where W: represent the concentration of gold nanoparticles in gram. , S.Sh. : Mean Single shot, F.: mean Fractionation

Dose (Gy)	W=0.001g.	W=0.01g.	W=0.1g	W=0.002g.	W=0.02g.	W=0.2g.	W=0.003g	W=0.03g	W=0.3g
2	211441621505	21144508745	2114795913	105721002485	10572446105	1057589689	70480798880	7048425224	705187596
4	107119917581	10712167349	1071391537	53560055925	5356180809	535792903	35706770092	3570851962	357260016
6	54268770079	5426965965	542785154	27134434249	2713532192	271441787	18089656342	1809054268	180993993
8	27493480880	2749393155	274984180	13746765370	1374721508	137517020	9164527223	916497626	91694632
10	13928664493	1392889281	139311657	6964344877	696457270	69668459	4642905185	464313267	46454058
12	7056498062	705661373	70577652	3528255430	352837085	35295224	2352174643	235228989	23534415
14	3574941799	357500040	35755837	1787474141	178753261	17881160	1191651635	119171002	11922934
16	1811126249	181115593	18114514	905564767	90559439	9058899	603710963	60374054	6040361
18	917547326	91756236	9177120	458774495	45878950	4589392	305850230	30586521	3060149
20	464845063	46485268	4649285	232422953	23243055	2325064	154948922	15495651	1550323
22	235498406	23550226	2355406	117749416	11775326	1177917	78499756.	7850360	785420
24	119307493	11930944	1193289	59653854	5965580	596752	39769310	3977125	397907
26	60443203	6044419	604540	30221656	3022264	302325	20147808	2014879	201586
28	30621553	3062205	306270	15310804	1531130	153163	10207221	1020772	102127
30	15513399	1551365	155161	7756713	775696	77594	5171152	517140	51739
32	7859351	785948	78607	3929682	392981	39310	2619793	261992	26212
34	3981681	398174	39823	1990844	199090	19915	1327231	132729	13279
36	2017187	201722	20175	1008595	100862	10089	672398	67243	6727
38	1021941	102195	10221	510971	51098	5111	340648	34066	3408
40	517732	51774	5178	258866	25887	2589	172578	17258	1726
42	262292	26229	2623	131146	13115	1311	87431	8743	874
44	132881	13288	1329	66440	6644	664	44294	4429	443
46	67320	6732	673	33660	3366	336	22440	2244	224
48	34105	3410	341`	17052	1705	170	11368	1136	113

Dose (Gy)	W=0.001g.	W=0.01g.	W=0.1g	W=0.002g.	W=0.02g.	W=0.2g.	W=0.003g	W=0.03g	W=0.3g
50	17278	1727	172	8639	863	86	5759	575	57
52	8753	875	87	4376	437	43	2917	291	29
54	4434	443	44	2217	221	22	1478	147	14
56	2246	224	22	1123	112	11	748	74	7
58	1138	113	11	569	56	5	379	37	3
60	576	57	5	288	28	2	192	19	2
62	292	29	3	146	14	1	97	9	1
	S.Sh.	S.Sh.	S.Sh.	S.Sh.	S.Sh.	S.Sh.	S.Sh.	S.Sh.	F

Table-2(B) : number of destroyed cancer cells by dose fractionation when photon energy 6MeV. ,flux 10^{18} (photon/cm².sec.), irradiation time 1200 sec. ; gold density 19.32 g/cm³ ,photon energy ; mass number of gold 196.97 ; breast average atomic weigh(A) 9.673, breast density 0.960 g/cm³,concentrations of gold nanoparticles(0.004-5)g. W: represent the concentration of gold nanoparticles in gram. , S.Sh. : Mean Single shot, F.: mean Fractionation

Dose (Gy)	W=0.004g.	W=0.04g	W=0.4g	W=0.005g	W=0.05g	W=0.5g	W=1g	W=2g	W=3	W=4	W=5
2	52860692974	5286414784	528986576	42288634026	4229208363	423265960	211824712	106104088	70863880	53243776	42671714
4	26780125097	2678187539	267993586	21424140428	2142588805	214433726	107313998	53754133	35900845	26974201	21618215
6	13567266335	1356815306	135770103	10853833510	1085471888	108635768	54367094	27232757	18187978	13665588	10952155
8	6873407616	687385684	68783441	5498736449	549918499	55036726	27543293	13796577	9214338	6923219	5548547
10	3482185068	348241265	34846859	2785753301	278598054	27882540	13953900	6989580	4668140	3507420	2810988
12	1764134113	176424941	17654011	1411309949	141142507	14125768	7069283	3541040	2364959	1776918	1424094
14	893740312	89379872	8943821	714993596	71505192.	7156354	3581418	1793951	1198128	900217	721470
16	452784025	45281361	4531092	362227902	36225745	3625530	1814407	908846	606992	456065	365509
18	229388079	22940307	2295528	183510809	18352577	1836755	919209	460436	307512	231050	185173
20	116211898	11621949	1162953	92969693	9297727	930531	465687	233265	155791	117054	93811

Dose (Gy)	W=0.004g.	W=0.04g	W=0.4g	W=0.005g	W=0.05g	W=0.5g	W=1g	W=2g	W=3	W=4	W=5
22	58874921	5887876	589172	47100026	4710386	471423	235925	118176	78926	59301	47526
24	29827035	2982898	298484	23861673	2386361	238830	119523	59870	39985	30043	24077
26	15110882	1511187	151217	12088729	1208971	120995	60552	30331	20257	15220	12198
28	7655430	765593	76609	6124355	612485	61298	30677	15366	10262	7710	6179
30	3878370	387862	33811	3102702	310295	31054	15541	7784	5199	3906	3130
32	1964848	196497	19662	1571881	157201	15732	7873	3943	2634	1979	1586
34	995425	99549	9961	796342	79640	7970	3988	1998	1334	1002	803
36	504299	50433	5046	403440	40347	4038	2020	1012	676	507	407
38	255486	25550	2556	204389	20440	2045	1023	512	342	257	206
40	129433	12944	1295	103547	10355	1036	518	259	173	130	104
42	65573	6557	656	52458	5246	525	262	131	87	66	52
44	33220	3322	332	26576	2657	266	133	66	44	33	26
46	16830	1683	168	13464	1346	134	67	33	22	17	13
48	8526	852	85	6821	682	68	34	17	11	8	7
50	4319	431	43	3455	345	34	17	8	6	4	3
52	2188	218	21	1750	175	17	9	4	3	2.2	2
54	1108	110	11	886	88	9	4	2	1.4	1.1	0.8
56	561	56	6	449	44	4	2	1	0.7	0.6	0.4
58	284	28	3	227	22	2	1	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2
60	144	14	2	115	11	1	0.5	0.2	0.19	0.15	0.1
62	73	7	1	58	5	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.09	0.07	0.05
	S.Sh.	S.Sh.	F	S.Sh.	S.Sh.	F	F	F	F	F	F

Note: 1- the numbers inside table cells represent numbers of destroyed cancer cells.

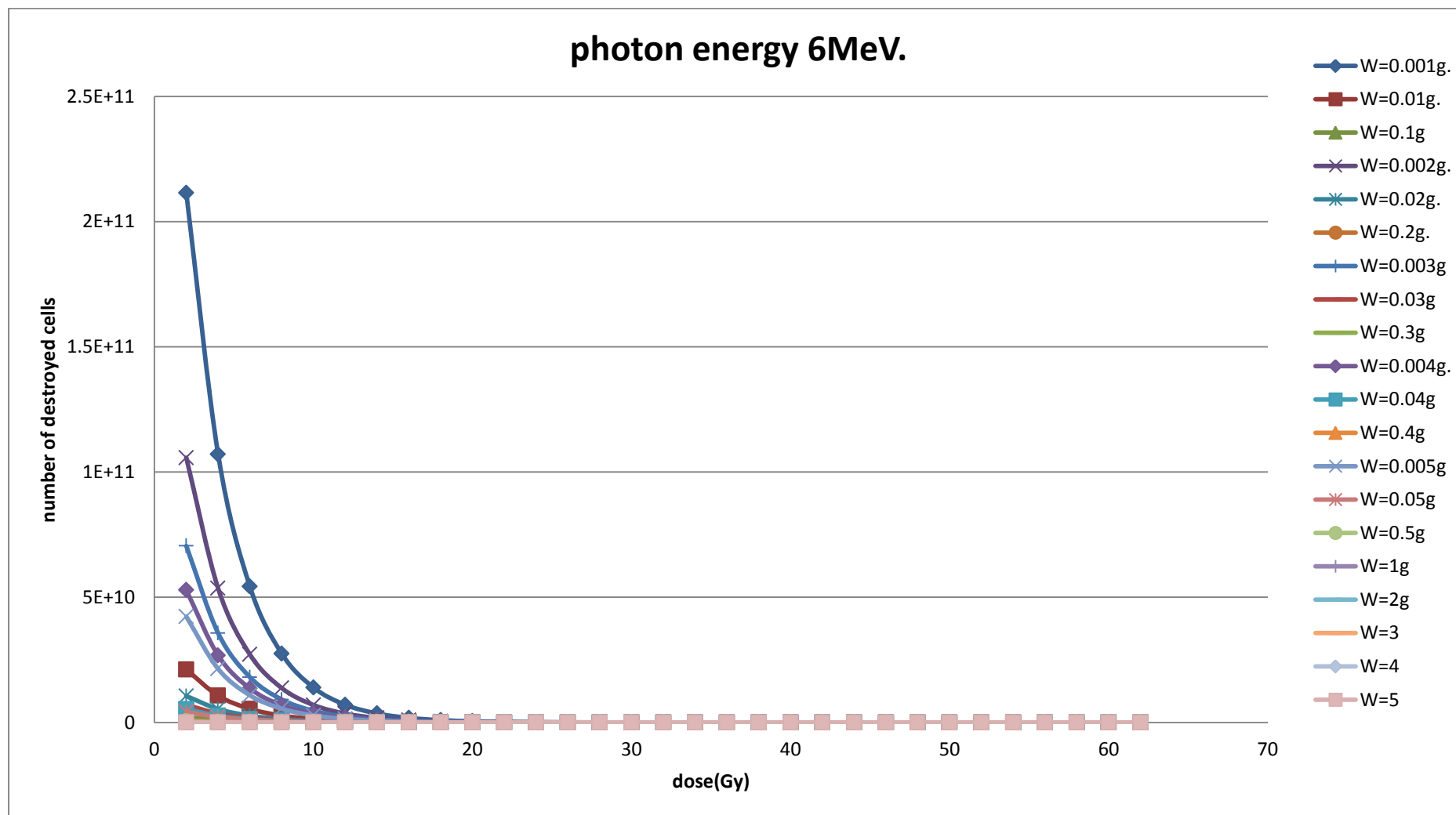


Fig.1: number of destroyed cancer cells by dose fractionation when photon energy 6MeV and gold nanoparticles concentrations (0.001-5) g.

4-Discussion

From the results in table 2 A and B we note that when we apply equation 7 with gold nanoparticles by Fortran program (power station 90) and input the parameters the number of breast cancer cells, the flux of incident photons equal 10^{18} (photon/cm².sec.) and time of irradiation 1200 second there were increasing in number of destroyed cancer cells this result due to existence of gold nanoparticles in cancer cells with high concentration [24]. Gold nanoparticles (GNPs) have biocompatibility and ability to increase dose deposited because of their high mass energy absorption coefficient [25], which in turn caused breaks in DNA by generating free radicals that damage cancer cells. Results have shown improvement in the treatment effects on cancer cells.

Maximum damage noted in weights (0.001; 0.002; 0.003; 0.004; 0.005) respectively because these nanoparticles formed in size to become capable to enter inside the cancer cells and make maximum damage in single shot (S.Sh.).

5-Conclusions

We have developed a method for enhancing the treatment of breast cancer by using gold nanoparticles as a colloidal to achieve targeted delivery at the breast cancer cells. Our results showed that gold nanoparticles (GNPs) with photons of high energy (6MeV.) significantly enhancing the radiotherapy. Where we note increase in number of destroyed cancer cells i.e. destroy large number from cancer cells in minimum dose that given to patient our results can be arranged in three benefits from using gold nanoparticles with high energy photons:

- 1) Compared to GNPs, localized delivery a higher local concentration of GNPs in breast cancer cells.
- 2) GNPs can increase absorption of the radiation. Thus, lower doses of radiation can be used, avoiding the risk of side effects.
- 3) Local damage to normal tissue surrounding the cancer is decreased because the concentrations of gold nanoparticles increase in cancer cells.

6-References:

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