

Mixed Approximate(Hurewicz) Cofibration

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اللاتيفات التقريبية-M(المختلطة) واللاتيفات التقريبية هريوز-M (المختلطة)

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المستخلص:-

في هذا البحث درسنا مفهوما جديدا اسمه اللاتيفات التقريبية -M(المختلطة) واللاتيفات التقريبية هريوز-M (المختلطة) التي يرمز لها (M- approximate cofibration) و (M- approximate Hurewicz cofibration). معظم النظريات الصادقة في اللاتيفات تكون صادقة في اللاتيفات المختلطة واللاتيفات هريوز المختلطة اذا أضفنا عليها بعض الشروط . وعليه حصلنا على النتائج الآتية:-

١- جداء اللاتيفين -M (اللاتيفين هريوز -M) يكون اللاتيف -M (اللاتيف هريوز -M)

٢- السحب الخلفي-M الى اللاتيف -M (اللاتيف هريوز -M) يكون اللاتيف -M (اللاتيف هريوز -M)

ABSTRAC:-

In this papers we study a new concept namely (M-approximate cofibration) Mixed Approximate Cofibration and (M-approximate Hurewicz cofibration) Mixed approximate Hurewicz cofibration.

Most of theorem which are valid for cofibration will also be valid for (M-cofibration); the others will be valid if we add extra conditions . Among the results we obtain are:

1-A product of two Mixed approximate Cofibration (Mixed approximate Hurewicz cofibration) is also a Mixed approximate Cofibration (Mixed approximate Hurewicz cofibration)

- The M-pullback of Mixed approximate Cofibration (Mixed approximate Hurewicz cofibration) is also Mixed approximate Cofibration (Mixed approximate Hurewicz cofibration)

Key words: Mixed approximate (Hurewicz) Cofibration , M-pullback, Lowering homotopy property.

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1- Introduction:

In our papers ,we introduce and study the new concept of M-approximate Cofibration (M- approximate Hurewciz Cofibration).

We also proof some results and study M-pullback approximate Cofibration and T-lifting function.

Let Y be any space $f_1: X_1 \rightarrow Y$, $f_2: X_2 \rightarrow Y$ are two fiber spaces and $\alpha: X_2 \rightarrow X_1$ such that $f_1 \circ \alpha = f_2$, let $X = \{X_1, X_2\}$, $f = \{f_1, f_2\}$ the $\{X, f, Y, \alpha\}$, has Mixed Lowering homotopy property (M-LHP) w.r.t a space then Z iff given a map $h: Y \rightarrow Z$ and a homotopy $g_t: X_1 \rightarrow Z$ satisfying $h \circ f_2 = g_0 \circ \alpha$ then there exist a homotopy $h_t: Y \rightarrow Z$ with $h_0 = h$ and $h_t \circ f_1 = g_t$ for all $t \in I$. M-fiber space is called M-cofibration For class $\mathfrak{R}$ if f has (M-LHP) for each $Z \in \mathfrak{R}$. The word map in this work means continuous function, $\mathfrak{R}$ means the classes of topological space and I means $[0,1]$.

2- Preliminaries:

Recalled here same basic concepts and clarify notions used in the sequel

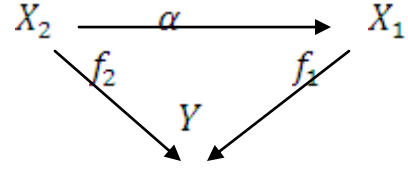
Definition 2-1 [5,6]:

Let $f, g: E \rightarrow B$ be mapping and ξ be an open cover of B , we say that f, g are ξ -closed iff given $e \in E$ then there exist $w \in \xi$ such that $f(e), g(e) \in w$

Definition 2-2 [4,5,6]:- A map $p: E \rightarrow B$ have to approximate lowering homotopy property (A-LHP) w.r.t X iff given a map $h: B \rightarrow X$ and a homotopy $f_t: E \rightarrow X$ such that $h \circ p = f_0$ and open cover ξ of X , then there exist a homotopy $h_t: B \rightarrow X$ with $h_0 = h$ and $h_t \circ p, f_t$ are ξ -closed in f_t , for all $t \in I$. Now let $\mathfrak{R}$ be a given class of topological space , a map p is a cofibration w.r.t $\mathfrak{R}$ iff $p: E \rightarrow B$ has (LHP) w.r.t each $X \in \mathfrak{R}$

Definition 2-3 [2,3]:-

- 1- Let X_1, X_2, Y be three topological spaces , let $X = \{X_1, X_2\}$, $f = \{f_1, f_2\}$ where $f_1: X_1 \rightarrow Y$, $f_2: X_2 \rightarrow Y$ are two fiber space and $\alpha: X_2 \rightarrow X_1$ such that $f_1 \circ \alpha = f_2$ then $\{X, f, Y, \alpha\}$ is a M-fiber space (Mixed fiber space)



If $X_1 = X_2 = X$, $\alpha = \text{identity}$, $f = f_1 = f_2$ then $\{X, f, Y\}$ is the usual fiber space

2- let $\{X, f, Y, \alpha\}$ be a M-fiber space let $y_0 \in Y$ then $F = \{f(y_0)\}$ is the M-fiber over y_0

Definition 2- 4 [2]:- the $\{X, f, Y, \alpha\}$ be a M-fiber structure, X be any space, and $g: Y' \rightarrow Y$ be any continuous map into base Y

Let $X'_1 = \{(x_1, y') \in X_1 \times Y' : f_1(x_1) = g(y')\}$ and

$X'_2 = \{(x_2, y') \in X_2 \times Y' : f_2(x_2) = g(y')\}$ then

$\underline{X'} = \{X'_1, X'_2\}$ is called a M-pullback of $\underline{f}$ by g and

$\underline{f'} = \{f'_1, f'_2\}: \underline{X'} \rightarrow Y'$ is called induced M- function of $\underline{f}$ by g , that means

$f'_1: X'_1 \times Y' \rightarrow Y'$, $f'_2: X'_2 \times Y' \rightarrow Y'$ are called induced M- function of $\{f'_1, f'_2\}$ by g

Define $\alpha': X'_2 \rightarrow X'_1$ by $\alpha'(x_2, y') = (\alpha(x_2), y')$

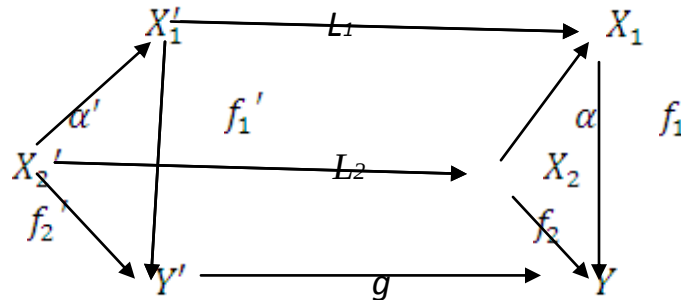
To show α' is continuous

Since $\alpha' = \alpha \times I_{Y'}$, α is continuous and $I_{Y'}$ is continuous then α' is continuous

To show α' is commutative

$(f'_1 \circ \alpha')(x_2, y') = f'_1(\alpha'(x_2, y')) = f'_1(\alpha(x_2), y') = y'$, also

$f'_2(x_2, y') = y'$. therefore $f'_1 \circ \alpha' = f'_2$



3- M- approximate(Hurewicz) Cofibration

Definition 3-1:- Let Y be any space $f_1: X_1 \rightarrow Y$, $f_2: X_2 \rightarrow Y$ are two fiber space and $\alpha: X_2 \rightarrow X_1$ such that $f_1 \circ \alpha = f_2$, let $X = \{X_1, X_2\}$, $f = \{f_1, f_2\}$ the $\{X, f, Y, \alpha\}$, has Mixed approximate Lowering homotopy property (M-ALHP) w.r.t a space then Z iff given a map $h: Y \rightarrow Z$ and a homotopy $f_t: X_1 \rightarrow Z$ such that $h \circ f_2 = g_0 \circ \alpha$ and open cover ξ of Z , then there exist a homotopy $h_t: Y \rightarrow Z$ with $h_0 = h$ and $h_t \circ f_1, f_t$ are ξ -closed in f_t , for all $t \in I$. M-fiber space is called M- approximate cofibration for class $\mathfrak{R}$ if f has (M-LHP) for each $Z \in \mathfrak{R}$, and the $\{X, f, Y, \alpha\}$ be a M-fiber structure over Y , we say that $\underline{f}$ is M- approximate Hurewicz Cofibration iff f has (M-ALHP) w.r.t all spaces.

Proposition 3-2:- Every approximate(Hurewicz) Cofibration is Mixed approximate (Hurewicz)Cofibration.

Proof:- let $\{X, f, Y, \alpha\}$ be a M-fiber space such that $X_1 = X_2 = X$, $\alpha = \text{identity}$, $f = f_1 = f_2$. let $h: Y \rightarrow Z$ and a homotopy $g_t: X_1 \rightarrow Z$ such that $h \circ f_2 = g_0 \circ \alpha$ and all open cover ξ of Z then there exist a homotopy $h_t: Y \rightarrow Z$ with $h_0 = h$ and $h_t \circ f_1, g_t$ are ξ -closed in g_t for all $t \in I$

Then f has (M-ALHP) w.r.t Z , or w.r.t all space

Therefore f has M- approximate(Hurewicz) cofibration

Proposition 3-3:- let $\underline{f}: \underline{X} \rightarrow Y$ and $\underline{f}': \underline{X}' \rightarrow Y'$ be two M- approximate Cofibration then $\underline{f} \times \underline{f}': \underline{X} \times \underline{X}' \rightarrow Y \times Y'$ is also M- approximate Cofibration

Proof:- Let Z be any arbitrary space

Let $h^*: Y \times Y' \rightarrow Z$ be map where $h: Y \rightarrow Z$ and $h': Y' \rightarrow Z$ and

Define $g_t^*: X_1 \times X'_1 \rightarrow Z$ as $h^* \circ (f_2 \times f'_2) = g_0^* \circ (\alpha \times \alpha')$ and two open covers ξ, ξ' of Z such that

$g_t': X'_1 \rightarrow Z$ and $g_t: X_1 \rightarrow Z$. since $\underline{f}, \underline{f}'$ are M- approximate Hurewicz Cofibration, then there exist a homotopy $h_t: Y \rightarrow Z$ with $h_0 = h$ and $h_t \circ f_1, g_t$ are ξ -closed in g_t , and a homotopy $h_t': Y' \rightarrow Z$ with $h_0' = h'$ and $h_t' \circ f'_1, g_t'$ are ξ' -closed in g_t'

Now for g_t^* and open cover $\xi \times \xi'$ of $Z \times Z$, then there exist $h_t^*: Y \times Y' \rightarrow Z$ define as $h_0^* = h^*$ and $h_t^* \circ (f_1 \times f_1'), g_t^*$ are $\xi \times \xi'$ -closed in g_t^* , Since Z be any arbitrary

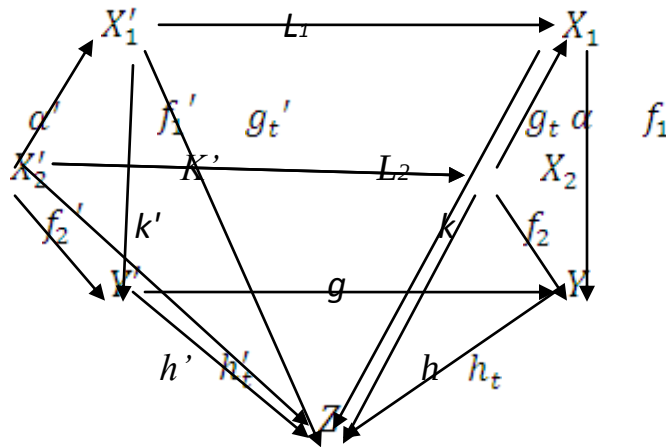
Therefore $\underline{f} \times \underline{f}': \underline{X} \times \underline{X}' \rightarrow Y \times Y'$ is M-Hurewicz Cofibration

Proposition 3-4:- The M-pullback of M- approximate (Hurewicz) Cofibration is also M- approximate (Hurewicz) Cofibration

Proof:- Let $h': Y' \rightarrow Z$ and $h: Y \rightarrow Z$. Define a homotopy $g_t: X_1 \rightarrow Z$ such that $h \circ f_2 = g_0 \circ \alpha$ and open cover ξ of Z . since f has M- approximate cofibration then there exist a homotopy $h_t: Y \rightarrow Z$ with $h_0 = h$ and $h_t \circ f_1, g_t$ are ξ -closed in g_t

Define $g_t': X_1' \rightarrow Z$ such that $h' \circ f_2' = g_0' \circ \alpha'$, $g_t' = g_t \circ L$ and open cover ξ' of Z , then there exist a homotopy $h_t': Y' \rightarrow Z$ with $h_0' = h'$ and $h_t' \circ f_1', g_t'$ are ξ' -closed in g_t'

Therefore $\underline{f}': \underline{X}' \rightarrow Y'$ has M- approximate cofibration



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