

قياس كفاءة الرياضيين من خلال حساب استهلاك الطاقة و الشغل المنجز ومقارنتها
مع كفاءة الأشخاص العاديين

(28.2±4.3)

72

(22.5±2.5)

(13.3±1.9)

(18.45±2.1)

Abstract

Efficiency is the work done divided by energy consumed , and energy is the energy of heat ,light , electricity ,mechanical ,and nuclear energy ,more important these is the mechanical energy that divided in to kinetic and potential .

The aim of this report are to study of physical application for the energy conserving low and calculate the storage energy for two groups and compared between them.

Were in this report take 72 cases divided in two groups (control (28.2±4.3) years and groups(22.5±2.5) years, the results have shown significant difference between efficiency in the control group(13.3±1.9) as a less than the sportsman group(18.45±2.1),this attributed that human stress is increasing by training and this effected increasing efficiency.

(Harris and Benson, 2005).

(Gooch & Tennant,1997).

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$$(1) \dots\dots\dots X =$$

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(Tane Steruheim ,1983).

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$$(2) \dots\dots\dots / =$$

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$$K.E=1/2 *M*V^2 \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

: V : M :K.E

(Kittel Kroemer, 1980)

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$$E = \text{work done /energy consumed} \dots\dots\dots (4)$$

(1999)

()

control

(72)

" 32

" " 40

(Ergometer)

(2005) (ECG)

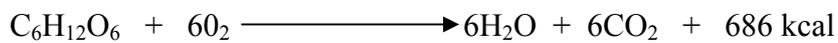
()

(t-test)

1784

Lavoisier

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4.9 kcal

%20

(Hossain and Gupta, 2004) .

) (4)

-(() ()
(Serway & Faughn, 2005) $W = F \times \Delta X$ (5)

-: F ΔX

(Serway & Faughn 2005) $F = m \times g$ (6)

m

. 2 \ (x) g

(6)

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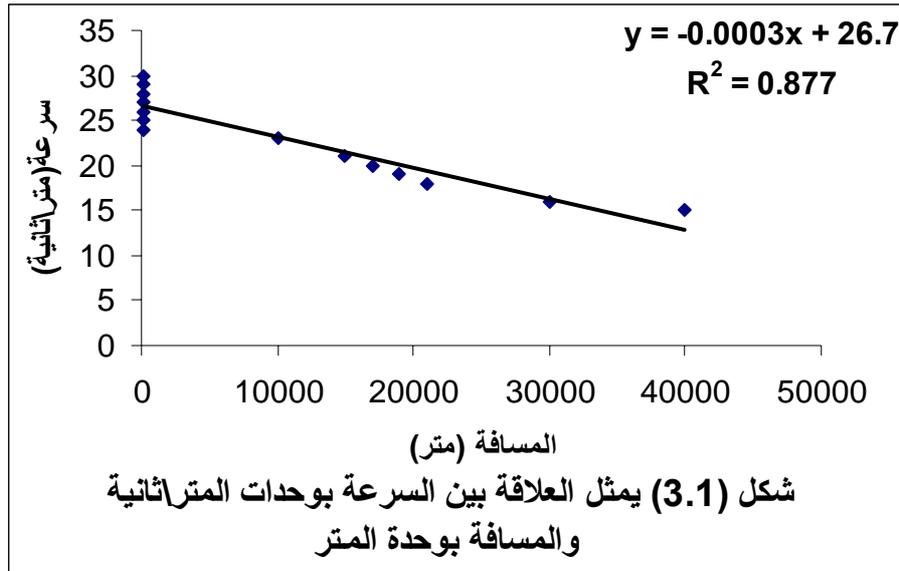
(1.3)

		السرعة	العمر	المسافة	الكتلة	الايوكسجين المستهلك	الشغل	الطاقة المستهلكة	الكفاءة
		(م \ ثا)	(سنة)	(متر)	كيلوغرام	مللتر	كلري	كلري	%
Control	Mean	18.5	28.2	20906	61.4	230	150.5	1100	13.3
(40)	SD ±	4	4.3	12679	7.3	6.7	17.9	110	1.9
Sportsmen group	Mean	22.9	22.5	20906	55.5	188	170	921.2	18.45
(32)	SD±	4.68	2.5	12679	5.8	5.7	19.1	90.3	2.1

(1.3)

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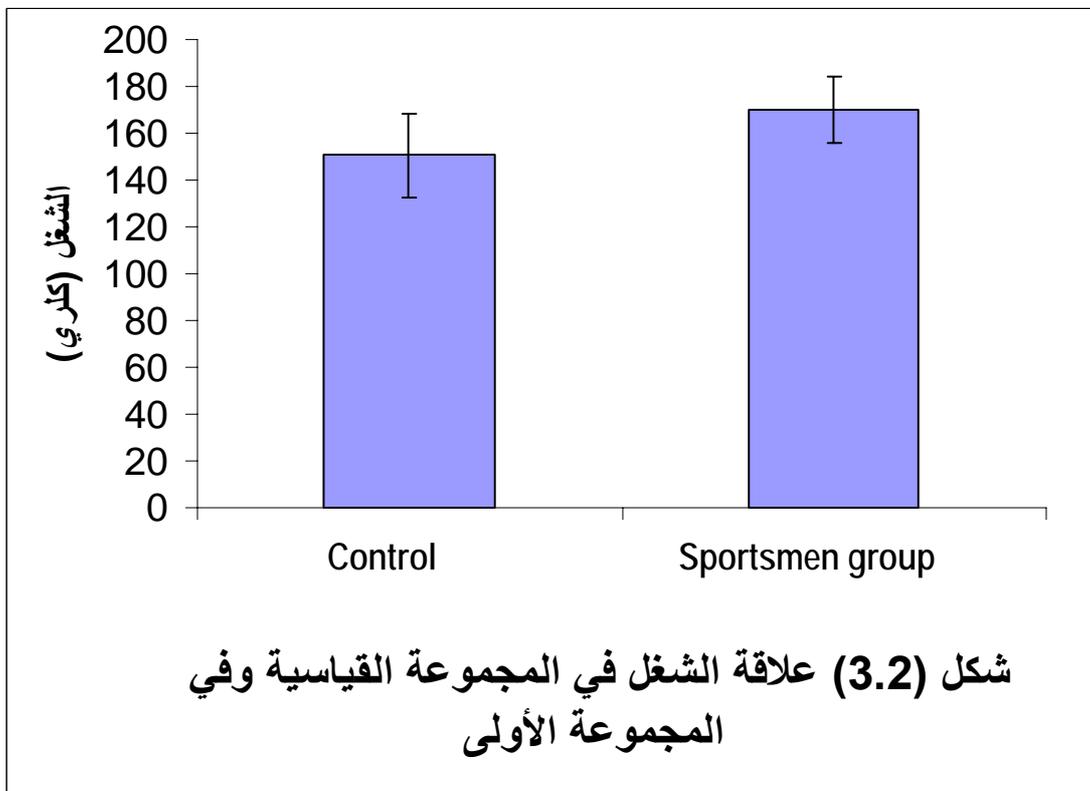


(Keaney, and Frei,2005)

(2004) .

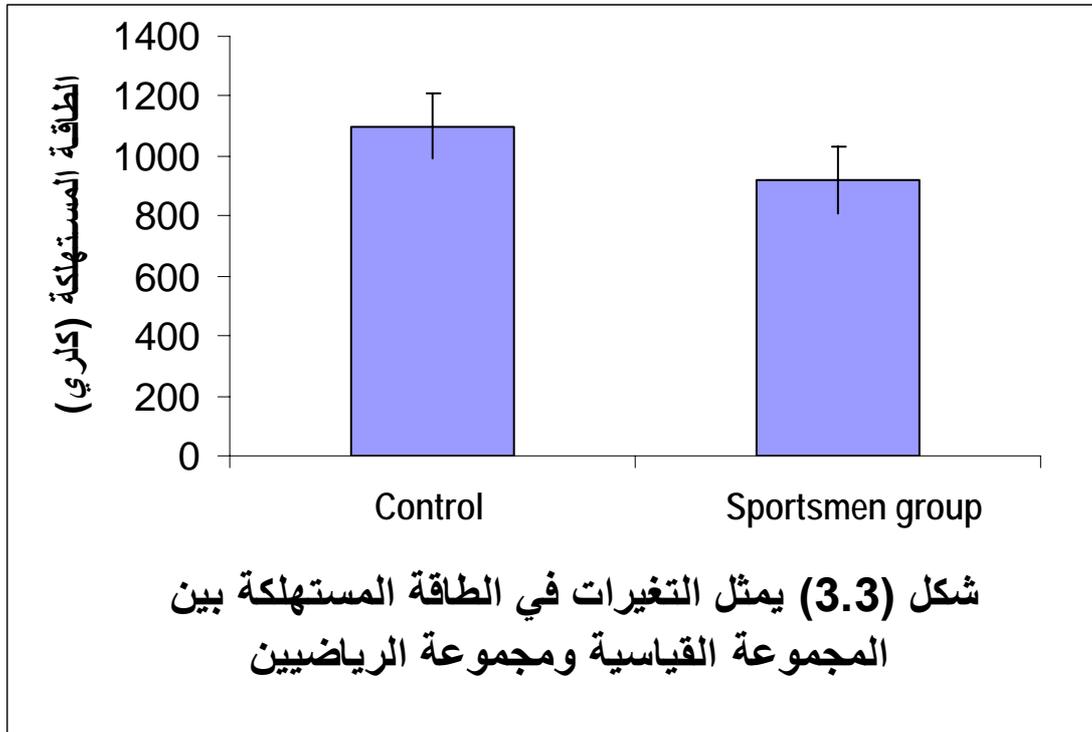
(3.2)

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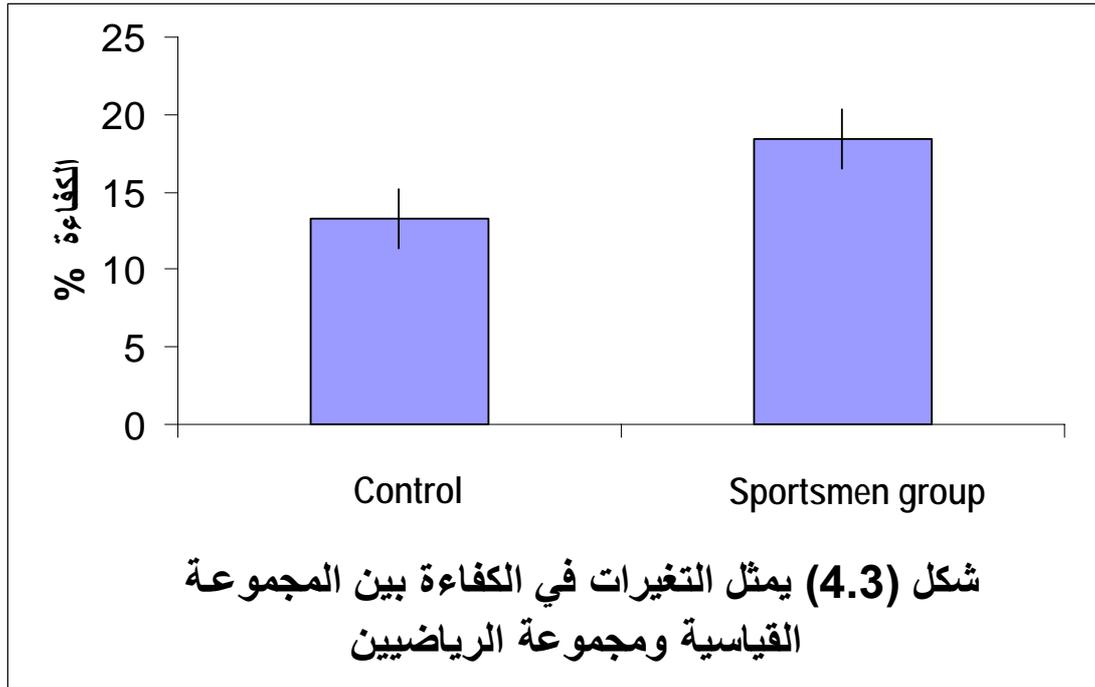
(Salman, 2001)

(3.3)



(Mekhfi, et al. 1996)

(3.4)



(Liu and, Zhou ,1995).

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:(2004)
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