

استخدام عوائق الامتصاص الطيفي كمثبط لطاقة الملوث الدافق لتقليل سمية العوالق في المداخل قليلة الارتفاع (اقل من 10م)

Abstract

Pollution energy is the driving force to transport it out of short stack due to pressure difference. Energy must be rifle to overcome the activity of toxic particles and redeployment in multi directions. Obstruction thermal absorption spectrum device used to rifle energy which formed from metallic wires rounded by polymeric materials with excellent absorption properties .This device help to disengage, division, and dropping toxic particles at short distances from stack base to protect medium against damages.

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(Briggs, 1968).1968 (Briggs, 1965). 1965 (Briggs)

(Briggs, 1969) 1968 (Slade,1968). (Slade)

1972 1971 (Briggs) 1969 (Briggs, 1971; Briggs, 1972).

-3 -2 -1:

-4

-2) (° 260-120)

.(/ 30

(Ellis, *et al* ,1980). (Pasquill, 1970). (Meteorology&Coleman, 1975)

(Chatwinet *al.*, 1995). (Britter, 1991). (Benarie, 1987) (Bowne *et al* , 1983)

(Beychok, 2005) 25-15 .(Seibert, 2000).

(X,Y,Z)

(Gaussian distribution calculations)

:

(/ 1-0.1)

-1 :

)

-2 (

)

.(

(/² 0.2)

(Pasquill)

(/² 10)

(F)

(A)

(dθ/dz)

(dT_a/dz)

(dT/dz)

(dθ/dz) = (dT/dz)_{atmosphere} - (dT_a/dz)_{adiabatic} ----- (1)

(Pasquill)

:(1)

(A) ← (dθ/dz) -1 ← (سالبة بمقدار كبير / جو فوق اديباتيكي/ جو غير مستقر يشكل كبير) ← صنف (A)

- (C,B) صنف (C,B) صنف
 (D) صنف (D) صنف
 (E) صنف (E) صنف
 (F) صنف (F) صنف

-1:

-3

-2

-1 :

-3

-2

-4

-5

(Beychok, 2005)

$$C = \frac{Q}{U} \times \frac{f}{\sigma_y \sqrt{2\pi}} \times \frac{(g1 + g2)}{\sigma_z \sqrt{2\pi}} \quad \text{-----} (2)$$

$$g1 = \exp \left[-(z-H)^2 / (2 \sigma_z^2) \right]$$

$$g2 = \exp \left[-(z+H)^2 / (2 \sigma_z^2) \right]$$

$$f = \exp \left[-(y)^2 / (2 \sigma_y^2) \right]$$

: (2)

$$C = \frac{Q}{U \sigma_y \sigma_z 2\pi} \times \exp \left(-y^2 / 2\sigma_y^2 \right) \times \left[\exp \left(-(z-H)^2 / 2\sigma_z^2 \right) + \exp \left(-(z+H)^2 / 2\sigma_z^2 \right) \right] \quad \text{--}(3)$$

(/ 1)

(/ 1)

(/ 2) (U)

(/ 1)

(σy)

.(/ 1)

(/ 1)

.(4 3 2)

(σz)

: (15)

: (Hovanessian 1984).

(S ₁)	
$4\pi A^2/\lambda^2$ $4\pi a^2/3\lambda^2$ $2\pi aL^2/\lambda$ $\lambda^2 \tan^4 \theta / 16\pi$ $\pi a^2 \cot^2 \theta J_1 [\{4\pi a/\lambda\} \sin \theta]$ πa^2 πa^2	

()

2.45

: (Alwan, 1995) (db)

$$(db) = 10 \log_{10}(P_{rm}/P_t) \text{-----(4)}$$

$$P_{rm} = P_t \times \log_{10}^{-1}(db/10) \text{-----(5)}$$

P_{rm} : Power reflected (watt)

P_t : Transmitted power (watt)

:

$$I = I_0 e^{-\alpha x}$$

$$I(1-R) = [X(T)/M][P_s(T)/(2\pi M^{-1}T)^{1/2}]$$

$$I(1-R) = \text{Power Reflected} = P_{rm}$$

$$P_{rm} = [1/M][1/(2\pi M^{-1}Te)^{1/2}] \text{-----(6)}$$

(/5)

(/5)

() .(1) (ه)

. (° 120)

(A)

(Q Basic/version 4.5)

(7 6 5 4 3 2)

(F ,E, D , C ,B ,A)

()

(10)

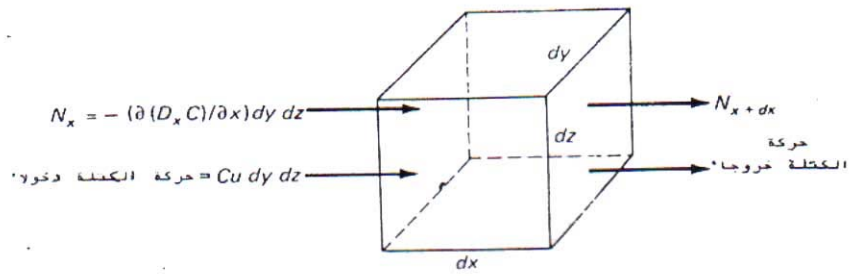
(/ 2)

(U)

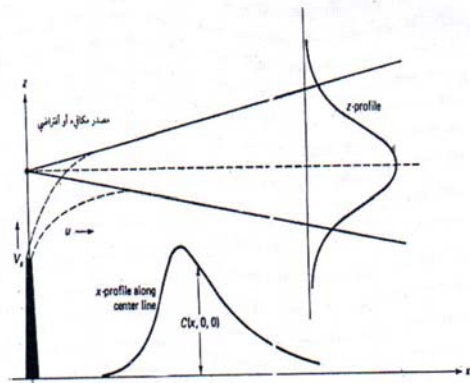
(1)

النموذج المصمم	*التضعيف للشكل المسطح	*التضعيف للشكل المثلث	*التضعيف للشكل الاسطوانى	*التضعيف للشكل المخروطي	*التضعيف للشكل الدائري	*التضعيف للشكل المكافئ	*التضعيف للشكل الكروي
ا	4	4	7	7.5	4	8.3	7.9
ب	9	10	10	10	10	10	10
ج	8.5	8.9	10	10	8.6	10	10
د	8.3	8.7	10	10	8.5	10	10
هـ	0.70	1.2	3	3.5	1.1	4.3	3.9
و	6.5	6.8	9.5	9.9	6.6	10	10

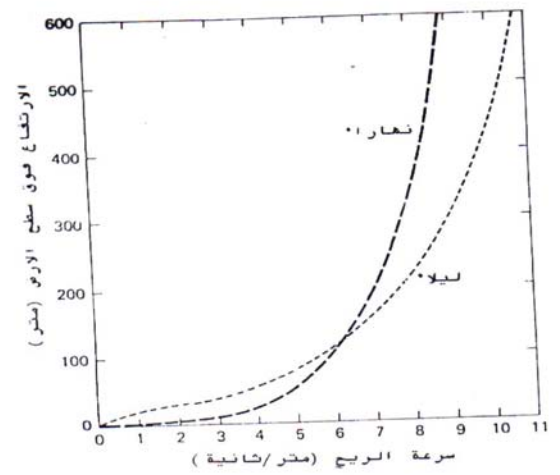
* (db) = وحدة قياس التضعيف



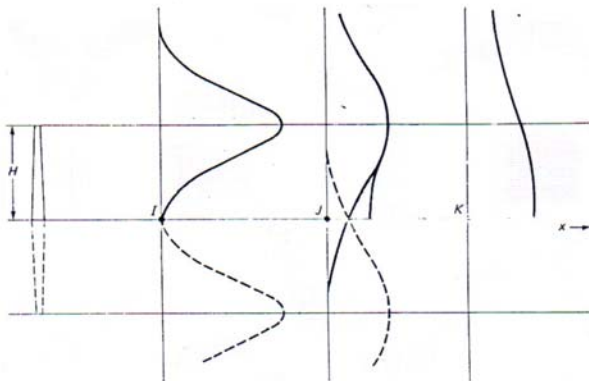
أ



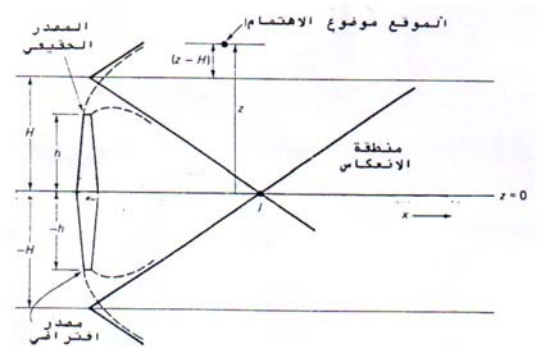
ج



ب

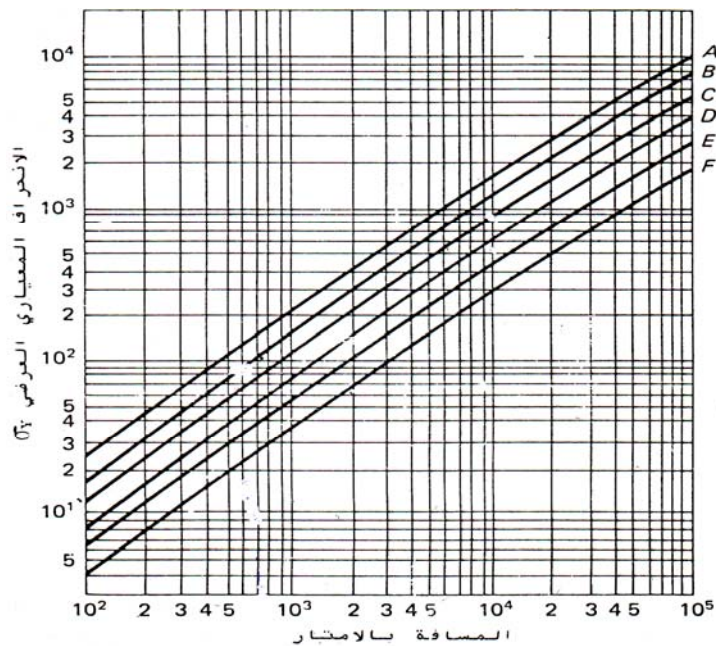


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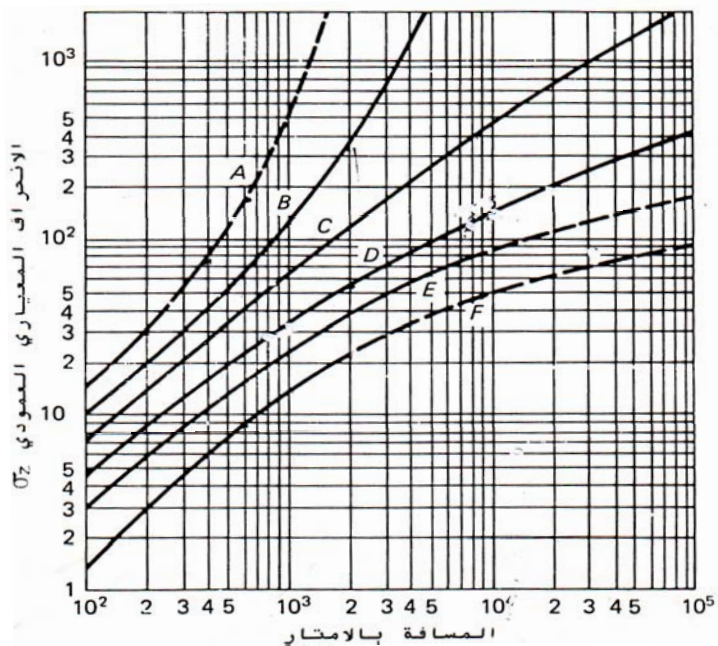


د

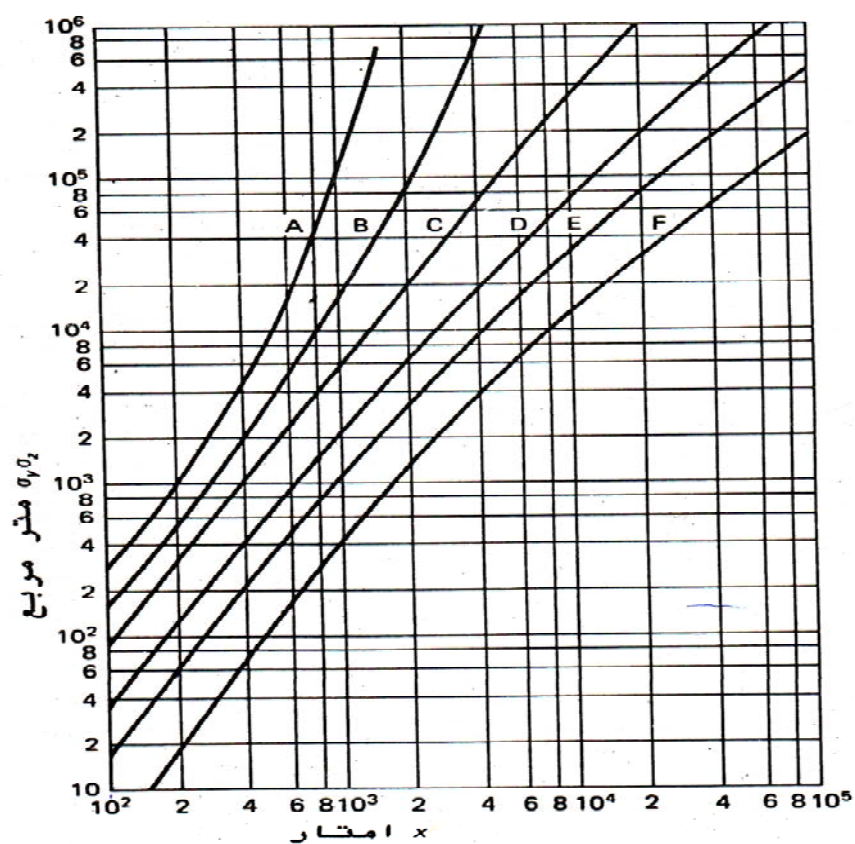
(1) :



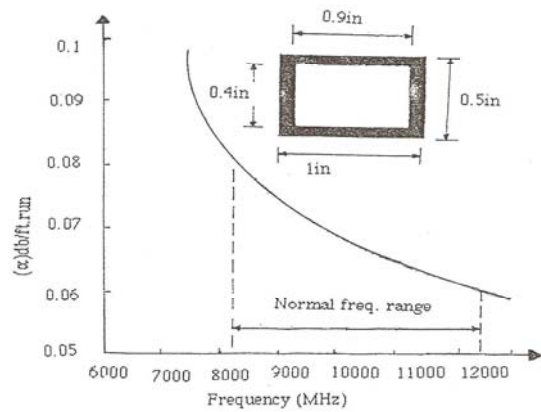
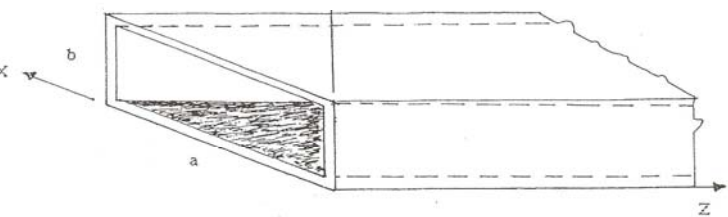
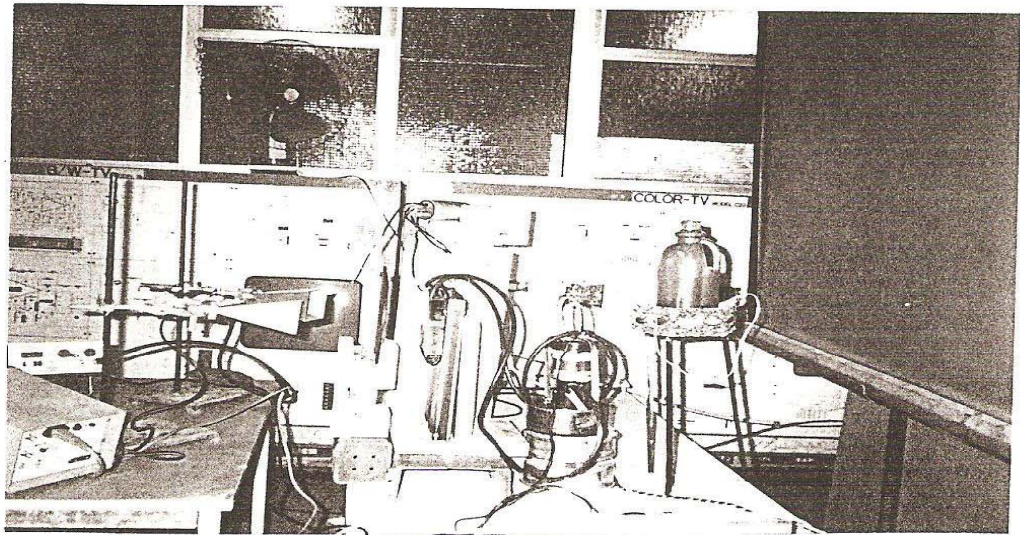
:(3)



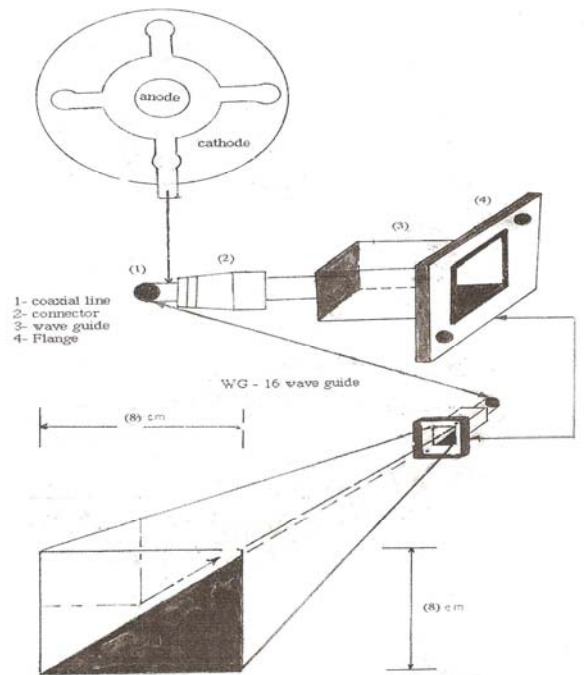
:(2)



:(4)

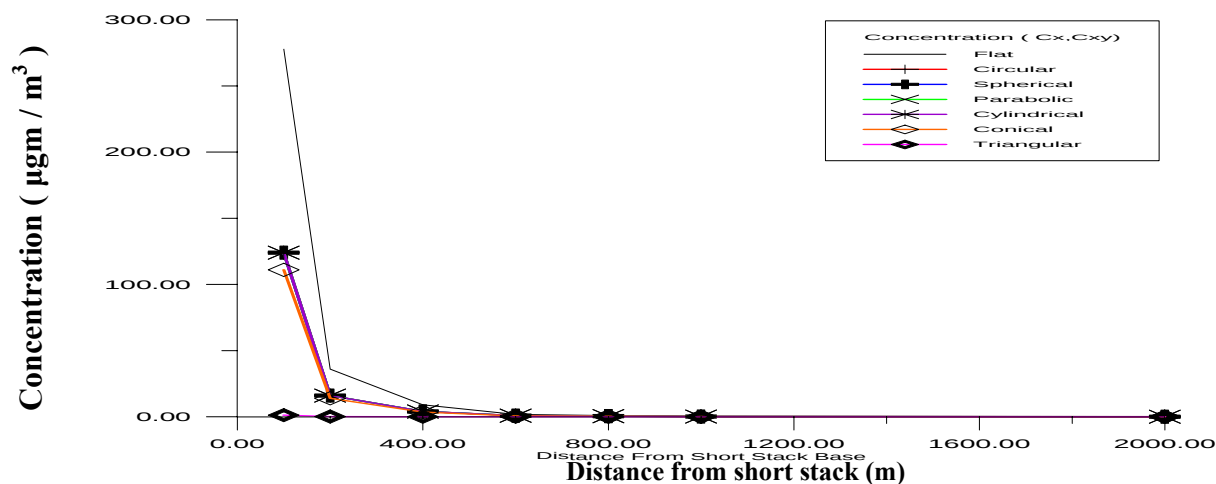


3

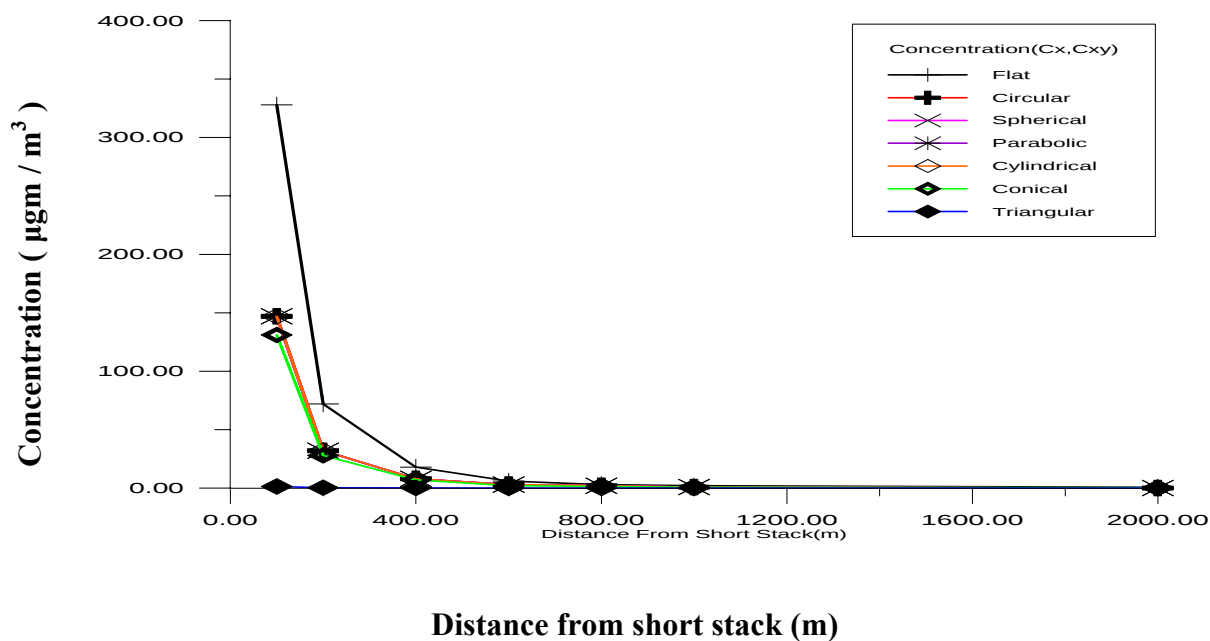


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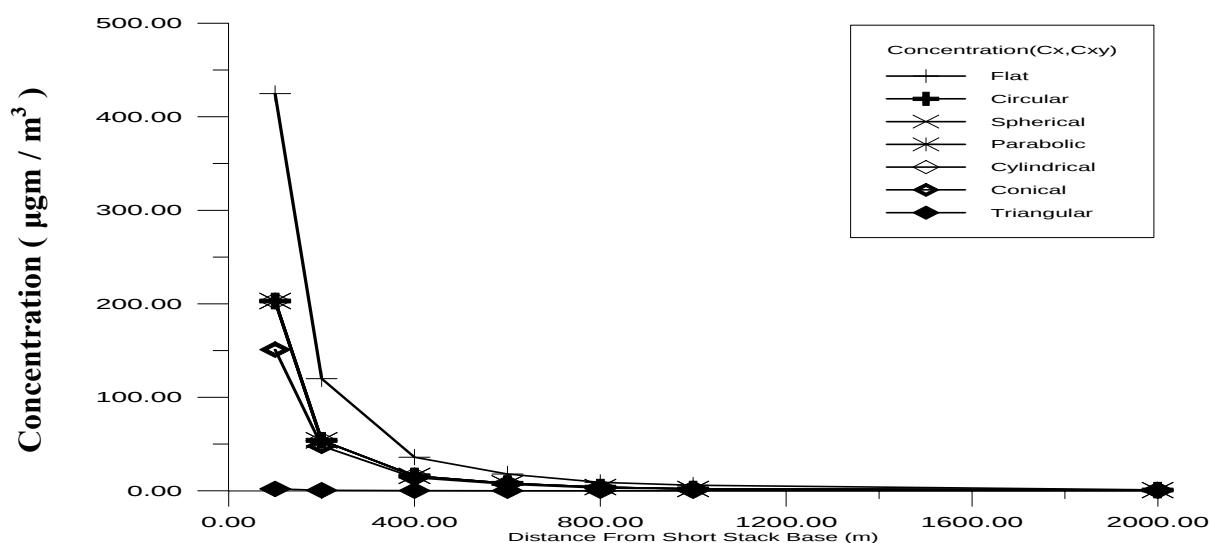
- : (5)



(6): (A) $\frac{C_x}{10^6} = \frac{1}{2}$ ()
 () ()

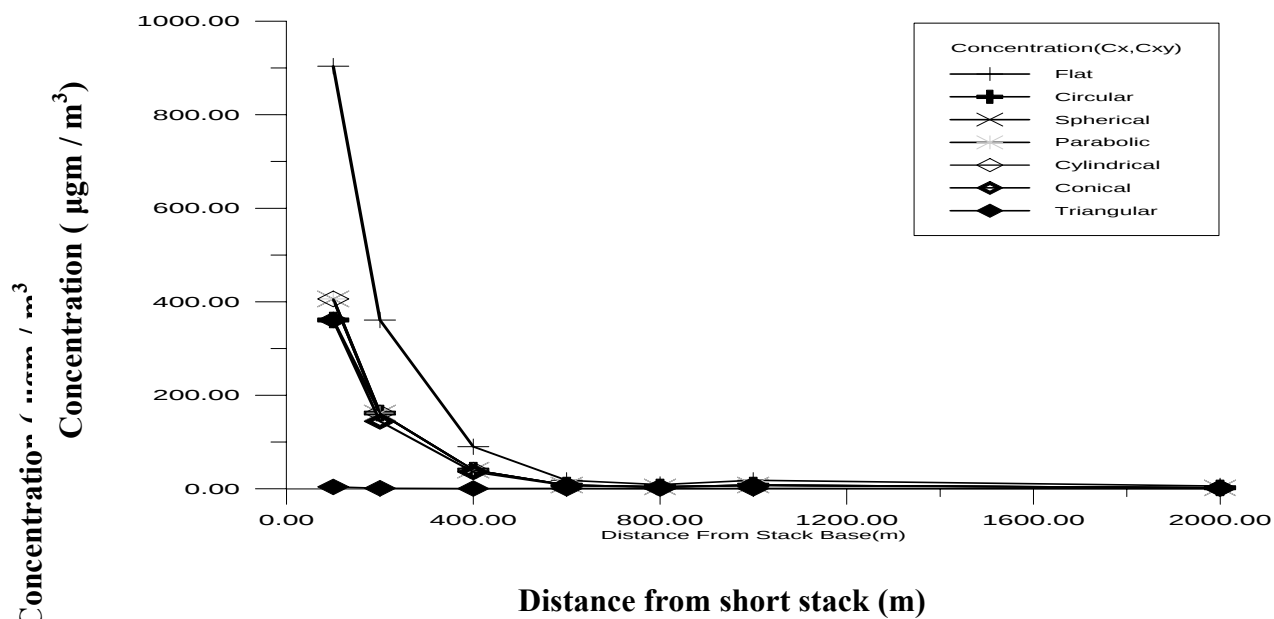


(7): (B) $\frac{C_x}{10^6} = \frac{1}{2}$ ()
 () ()



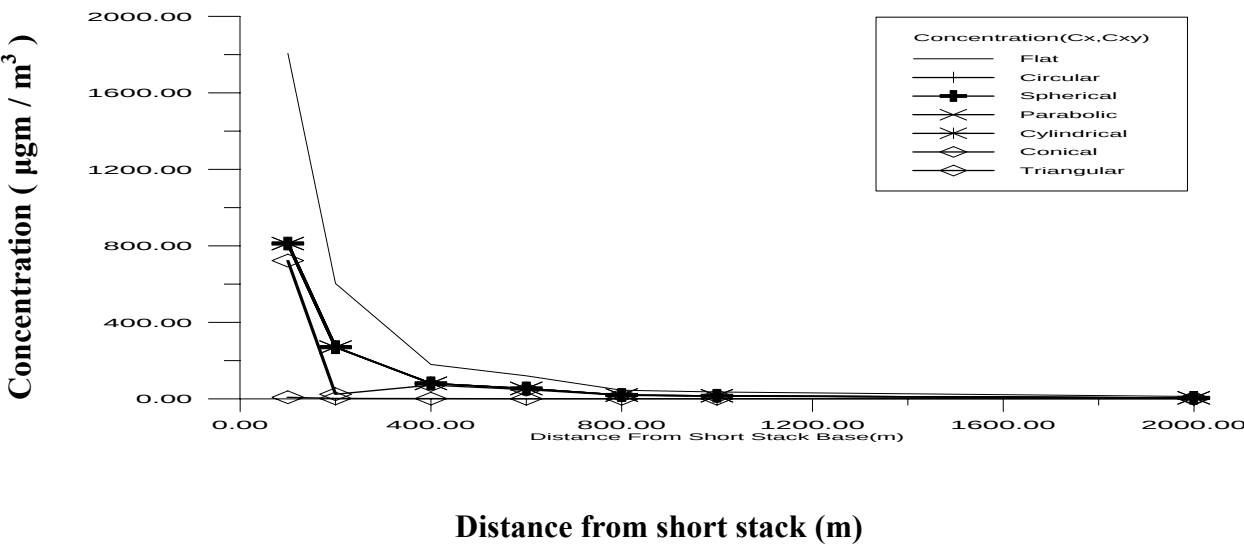
Distance from short stack (m)

(8): $\left(\frac{C_x}{10^6} \right)$ / $\left(\frac{C_x}{2} \right)$ (C)

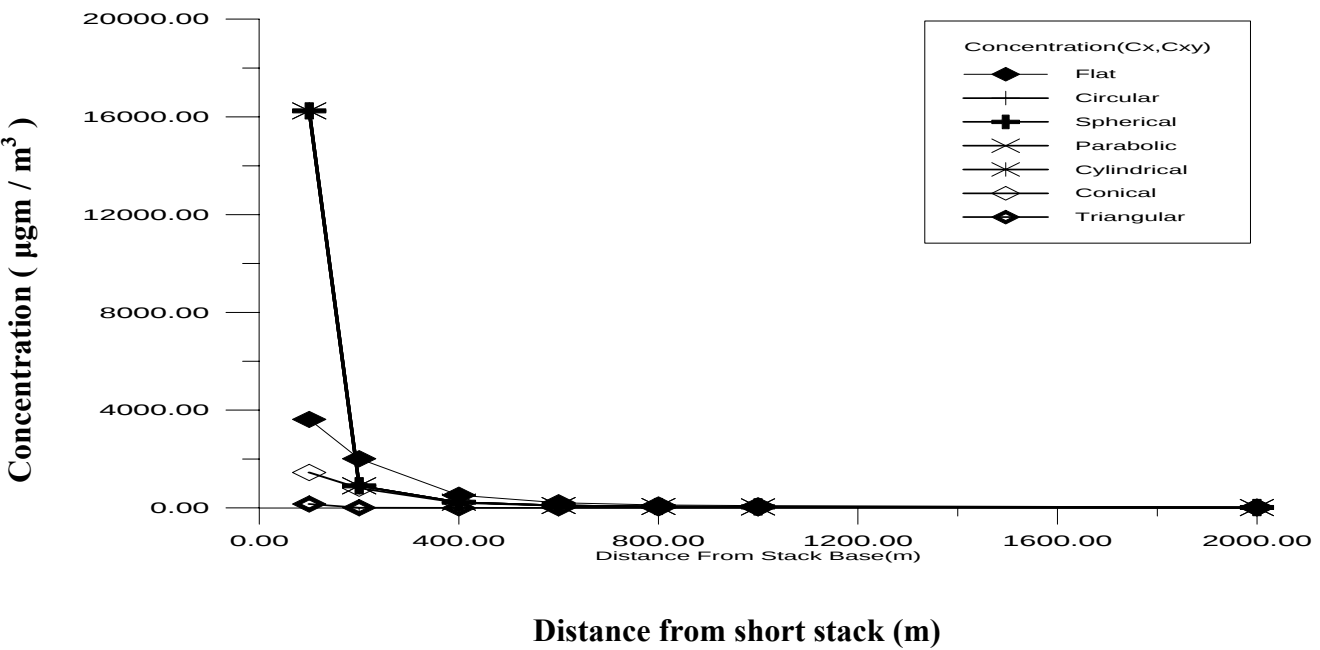


Distance from short stack (m)

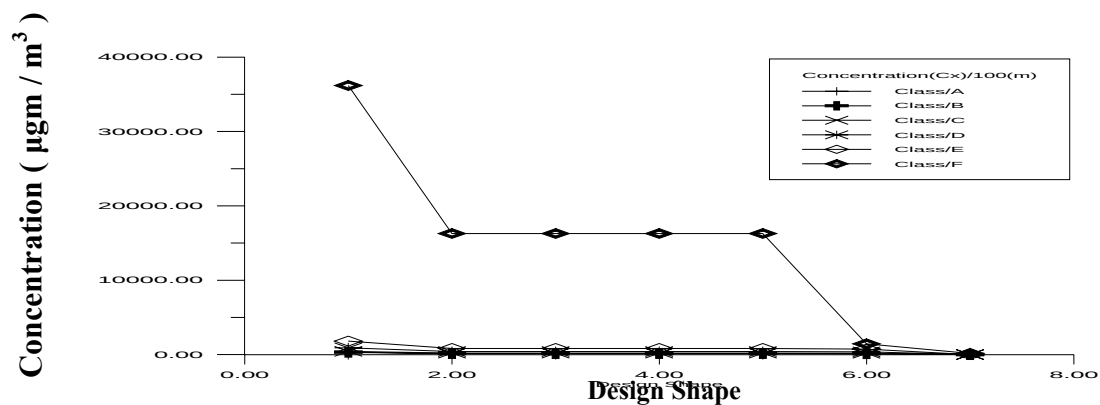
(9): $\left(\frac{C_x}{10^6} \right)$ / $\left(\frac{C_x}{2} \right)$ (D)



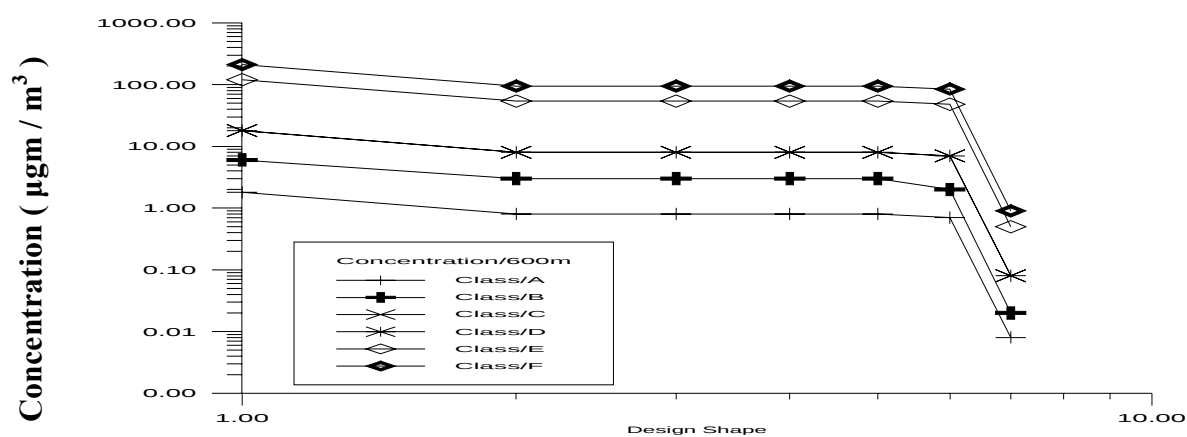
(Cx) ($\mu\text{gm} / \text{m}^3$) : (10)
/ 6 10 = (E)
() / 2 =



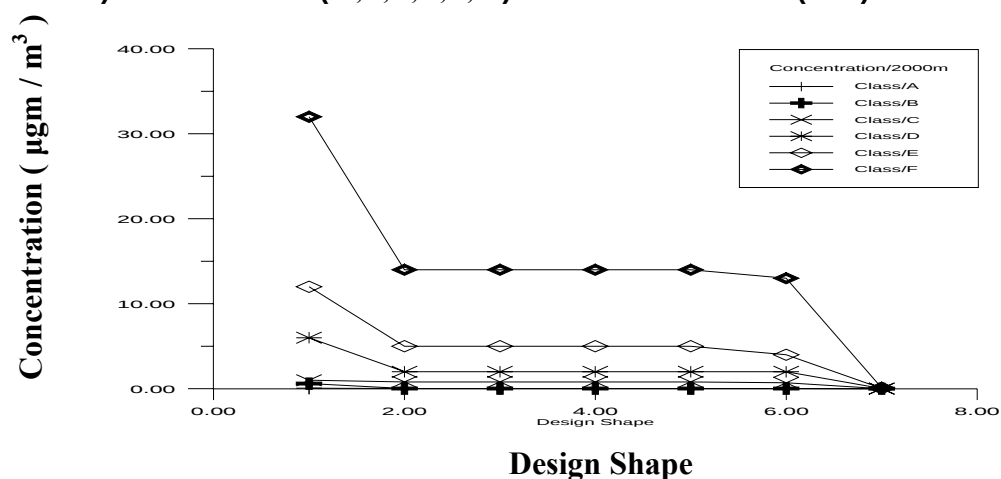
(Cx) ($\mu\text{gm} / \text{m}^3$) : (11)
/ 6 10 = (F)
() / 2 =



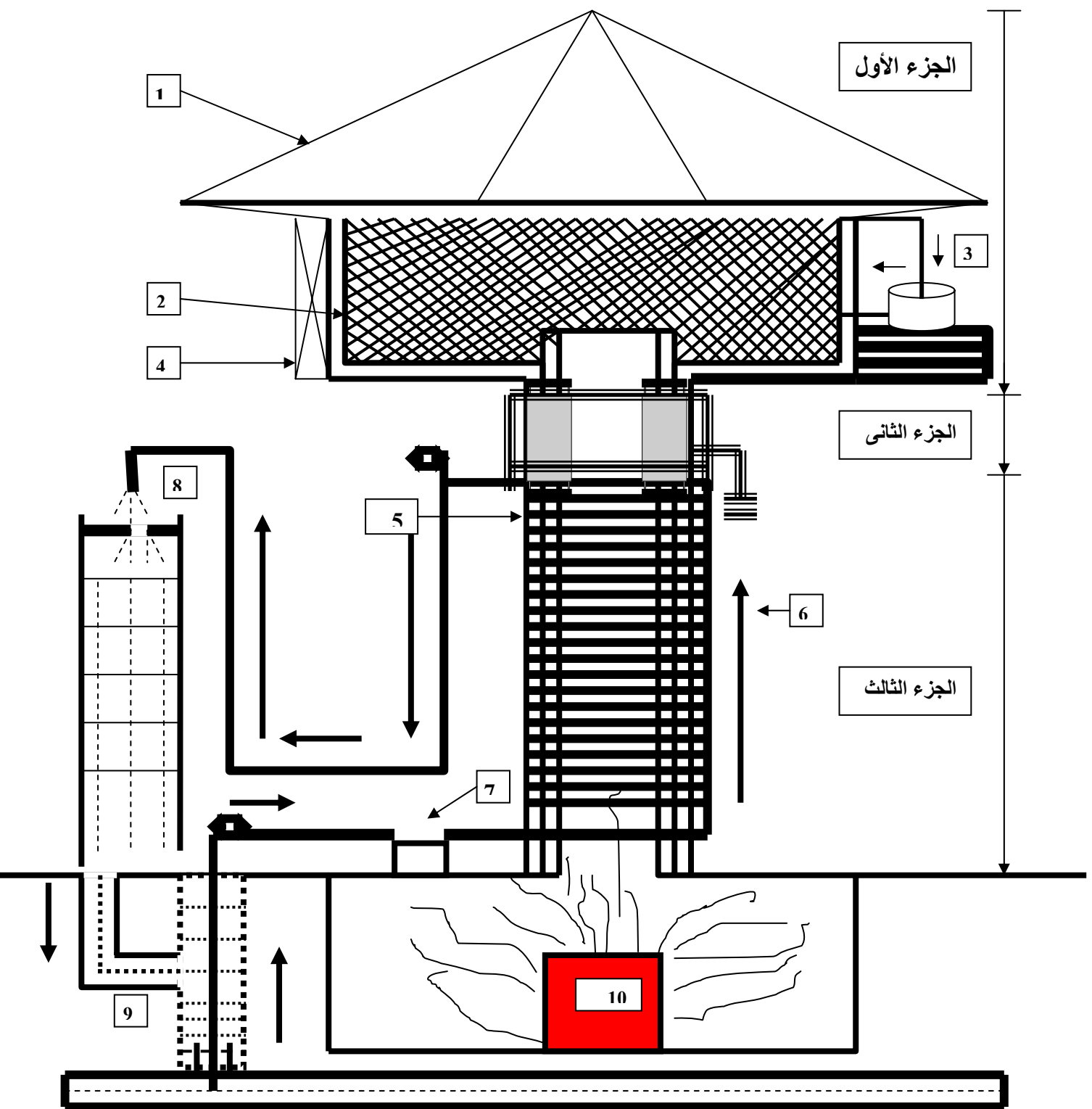
(12) :
 -4 -3 -2 -1)
 (-7 -6 -5
 () (A,B,C,D,E,F) (100)



(13) :
 -4 -3 -2 -1)
 (-7 -6 -5
 () (F ,E,D,C,B,A) (600)



(14) :
 -4 -3 -2 -1)
 (-7 -6 -5
 () (A,B,C,D,E,F) (2000)



() : (15)

-1 :

-2 ()

-5 :

-4

-3

-8

-7

-6 :

-10

-9

(2)

(A)

() / 2= / / ⁶10=

()														
	C _x [*]	C _{xy} ^{**}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}
100	278	278	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	111	111	1.2	1.2
200	36	36	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	14	14	0.16	0.16
400	9	9	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3.6	3.6	0.04	0.04
600	1.8	1.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.008	0.008
800	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.004	0.004
1000	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0016	0.0016
2000	0.06	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.0002	0.0002

/) ³(=C_x^{*}

/) ³(=C_{xy}^{**}

(3)

(B)

() / 2= / / ⁶10 =

()														
	C _x [*]	C _{xy} ^{**}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}
100	328	328	147	147	147	147	147	147	147	147	131	131	1.4	1.4
200	72	72	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	28	28	0.32	0.32
400	18	18	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	0.08	0.08
600	6	6	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	0.02	0.02
800	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1.4	1.4	0.01	0.01
1000	2	2	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.008	0.008
2000	0.6	0.6	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.2	0.2	0.003	0.003

/) ³(=C_x^{*}

/) ³(=C_{xy}^{**}

(4)

(C)

() / 2= / / ⁶10=

()														
	C _x [*]	C _{xy} ^{**}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}	C _x	C _{xy}
100	452	452	203	203	203	203	203	203	203	203	180	180	2	2
200	120	120	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	48	48	0.5	0.5
400	36	36	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	14	14	0.1	0.1
600	18	18	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	0.08	0.08
800	9	9	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	0.04	0.04
1000	6	6	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0.02	0.02
2000	1	1	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.008	0.008

/) ³(=C_x^{*}

/) ³(=C_{xy}^{**}

(5)

(D)

() / 2= / / ${}^6_{10}$ =

()														
	C_x^*	C_{xy}^{**}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}
100	904	904	406	406	406	406	406	406	406	406	361	361	4	4
200	361	361	162	162	162	162	162	162	162	162	144	144	1	1
400	90	90	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	36	36	0.4	0.4
600	18	18	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	0.08	0.08
800	9	9	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	0.04	0.04
1000	18	18	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	0.08	0.04
2000	6	6	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0.02	0.02

/) ${}^3(=C_x^*$
/) ${}^3(=C_{xy}^{**}$

(6)

(E)

() / 2= / / ${}^6_{10}$ =

()														
	C_x^*	C_{xy}^{**}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}
100	1809	1809	812	812	812	812	812	812	812	812	723	723	8	8
200	603	603	270	270	270	270	270	270	270	270	24	24	2	2
400	180	180	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	72	72	0.8	0.8
600	120	120	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	48	48	0.5	0.5
800	45	45	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	18	18	0.2	0.2
1000	36	36	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	14	14	0.1	0.1
2000	12	12	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	0.05	0.05

/) ${}^3(=C_x^*$
/) ${}^3(=C_{xy}^{**}$

(7)

(F)

() / 2= / / ${}^6_{10}$ =

()														
	C_x^*	C_{xy}^{**}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}	C_x	C_{xy}
100	36189	36189	16248	16248	16248	16248	16248	16248	16248	16248	1447	1447	160	160
200	2010	2010	902	902	902	902	902	902	902	902	804	804	8.9	8.9
400	516	516	232	232	232	232	232	232	232	232	206	206	2.29	2.29
600	212	212	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	85	85	0.9	0.9
800	120	120	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	48	48	0.53	0.53
1000	90	90	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	36	36	0.4	0.4
2000	32	32	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	0.1	0.1

/) ${}^3(=C_x^*$
/) ${}^3(=C_{xy}^{**}$

				:			
				(6)			
				(100)			
				.(2000)			
				(7)			
				(%15)			
				(A)			
				(8)			
				(%27)			
				(B)			
				(%38)			
				(A)			
				.(A)			
				(%94)			
				(9)			
				(A)			
				.(A)			
				(%94)			
				(%69)			
				(10)			
				(A)			
				(%84)			
				(%99)			
				.(A)			
				(11)			
				(A)			
				(%99)			
				(12)			
				(A)			
				(F)			
				.(100)			
				(13)			
				..(600)			
				(2000)			
				(14)			
				:			
				(6)			
				(A)			
				(7)			
				(%15)			
				(A)			
				(%69)			
				(A)			
				(8)			
				(%38)			
				(A)			
				(9)			
				(%84)			
				(A)			
				(10)			
				(E)			
				(F)			

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$(^2)$	$()$	$=A$
$()$		$= a$
	$()$	$= \Phi$
	$()$	$= \lambda$
	$(^2 /)$	$= I$
	$(^{1-})$	$= \alpha$
	$()$	$= P_{rm}$
	$()$	$= P_t$
		$= M$
	$(^3 /)$	$= C$
	$(/)$	$= Q$
	$(/)$	$= U$
	$()$	$= H$
$()$		$= \sigma z$
$()$		$= \sigma y$
		$= f$
		$= g1$
		$= g2$