## 2007/3/14: 2007/7/5:

(L.S.O.R.)

(Ra > 50)

 $(10 \le \text{Ra} \le 10^4)$ 

:

:

 $(\theta_{max})$ 

Abstract:

Two – dimensional, steady natural convection in a rectangular cavity filled with a heat generating saturated porous medium has been studied numerically for the case when the vertical walls of the cavity are isothermal and the horizontal walls are either adiabatic or cold. Finite difference method was used to transform the momentum and energy equations from the differential form to the algebraic form; relaxation method was used to solve the momentum equation, while (L.S.O.R.) method was used to solve the energy equation for Rayleigh No. ranges (10  $\leq \text{Ra} \leq 10^4$ ). Results are presented in terms of the stream lines and isotherms, the maximum temperature in the cavity and intermediate Nusselt number. The thermal convection flow together with the uniform heat generating produces a highly stratified medium at high Rayleigh numbers. The horizontal wall boundary condition changes from adiabatic to cold reduces ( $_{max}$ ) also it is found that heat transfer increases with increasing

https://doi.org/10.30684/ etj.29.4.12

University of Technology-Iraq, Baghdad, Iraq/2412-0758

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Rayligh number while it decrease with aspect ratio. The effect of aspect ratio on heal transfer will appear when (Ra > 50).

(L/D )	А
(J/kg.K )	С
(m)	D
(m/s <sup>2</sup> )	g
(W/m <sup>2</sup> .K)	h
(m <sup>2</sup> )	K
(W/m.K)	k
(m)	L
(hD/k)	Nu
(N/m <sup>2</sup> )	Р
$(g\beta KSD^3/2k\nu\alpha)$	Ra
( W/m <sup>3</sup> )	S
(К)	Т
(m/s) (x)	u
(m/s) (y)	v
(x/D) (x)	Х
(y/ D) (y)	Y
$(m^2/s)$ (k/ $\rho$ C)	α
(1/K)	β
$((T-T_c)/(SD^2/2k))$	θ
(m <sup>2</sup> /s)	ν
(kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ρ
(16) (θ) (ψ)	φ
	Ψ

(Nomenclature)

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١.	Subs		1157
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	ad
	с
	m
	max
(x=0)	0

(Y. Tasak et al) [2]

. Thermo – Chromic (TLC)) (Liquid Crystal

•

.

(Heat Generation) .(Geophysical)

.

:

.(Metabolism)

(Jue T.C.) [3]

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Semi-	Implicit F	Finite	Dement	)		(Abdelhmid Hadim)	[1]
				(Method		( )	ι ι
(10 <sup>-10</sup> <	$< Da < 10^{-1}$ )		$(10^3 <$	$< \text{Ra} < 10^8$ )			
						(Darcy – Brinkman)	_
			2		.(Gralerkin)		

$$(Da \ge 10^{-2})$$



Forchheimer - Extended )

(Darcy

(Galerkin) (h) (x) (h/x)

.

(Boussinesq)

.

(1)

[6]

(M.R. Dhanasekaram et al)

.[12,13]

.

$$u = -\frac{\alpha}{D} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial Y} \quad v = \frac{\alpha L}{D^2} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial X} \quad \dots (6)$$

$$(1-4)$$

$$-:$$

$$(1-4)$$

$$dT/dy=0$$

$$A^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} \psi}{\partial X^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} \psi}{\partial Y^{2}} = RaA \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial X} \qquad \dots (7)$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial X} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial Y} - \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial Y} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial X} = \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial X^2} + \frac{1}{A^2} \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial Y^2} + 2 \qquad \dots (8)$$

$$-:$$

$$Ra = \frac{g\beta KSD^3}{2\nu\alpha k} \qquad \dots (9)$$

$$-:$$
  
 $X = 0, \quad \psi = 0, \quad \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial X} = 0 \qquad \dots (10)$   
 $X = 1, \quad \psi = 0, \quad \theta = 0 \qquad \dots (11)$ 

$$Y = 0 \quad and \quad 1 \quad , \ \psi = 0,$$
$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial Y} = 0 \text{ or } \theta = D \qquad \dots (12)$$

•

.

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 0 \qquad \dots (1)$$

(1)

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\mu}{K} u = 0 \qquad \dots (2)$$

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \rho g + \frac{\mu}{K} v = 0 \qquad \dots (3)$$

$$u \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} = \dots (4)$$
  
$$\alpha \left[ \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} \right] + \frac{S}{\rho C}$$

[4] -:

$$\theta = \frac{(T - T_c)}{SD^2 / 2k} \qquad \dots (5)$$

( ) -:

$$h(T_{\max} - T_c) = -\frac{k}{L} \int_0^L \frac{\partial T}{\partial X} \Big|_{X=D} \quad dy$$
... (13)

-:

 $Nu_{\max} = \frac{2}{\theta_{\max}} \qquad \dots (14)$ 

 $: (T_m)$   $Nu_m = \frac{2}{\theta_m} \qquad \dots (15)$ 

:Numerical Solution -3

 $a_p \phi_p = a_e \phi_e + a_w \phi_w + a_n \phi_n + a_s \phi_s + Su$ ... (16)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (a_{p},a_{e},a_{w},a_{n},a_{s}) \\ (e) & (p) \\ & (s) & (n) & (w) \\ (Su) & (\phi) \\ \end{array}$$

:

:

(7)  

$$a_{e} = \frac{-A^{2}}{\Delta x^{2}}$$

$$a_{w} = \frac{-A^{2}}{\Delta x^{2}}$$

$$a_{n} = -\frac{1}{\Delta y^{2}}$$

$$a_{s} = \frac{-1}{\Delta y^{2}} \qquad \dots (17)$$

$$a_p = -\left[\frac{2A^2}{\Delta x^2} + \frac{2}{\Delta y^2}\right]$$

$$Su = RaA(T_e - T_w) / 2 / \Delta x$$

(8) .(Finite Difference) (Relaxation Method) Line ) (LSOR) ((7) ) (Successive Over Relaxation .((8) )  $a_e = \frac{1}{\Delta x^2}$   $a_w = \frac{1}{\Lambda x^2}$ .[14]

.

 $a_n = \frac{1}{A^2 \Delta y^2}$ ... (18)  $a_s = \frac{1}{A^2 \Delta y^2}$ [12] .  $a_p = \left[\frac{2}{\Delta x^2} + \frac{2}{A^2 \Delta y^2}\right]$ :Results and Discussion -4  $S_n = -[\psi_e - \psi_w/2/\Delta x][T_n - T_s/2/\Delta y]$  $+[\psi_n-\psi_s/2/\Delta y][T_e-T_w/2/\Delta x]$ : (Generation  $(\Delta y, \Delta x)$ .( )  $(\psi)$ 

Internal Heat )

 $(0.5 \leq A \leq 10)$ .  $(10 \le \text{Ra} \le 10^4)$ .((1) ) : -1 . (2) (Ra)

(Nu)

(Ra=10) ( A = 1) (Y=0.5) ( ) (Ra = 10)

$\left \frac{\phi^n - \phi^{n-1}}{\phi^n}\right  < 10^{-4}$	(19)
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a<500)

(Ra)

(1)	
	:
A≤1	31 x 31
2≤A≤5	31 x 121
A>5	31 x 181
	(1)

 $(\theta)$ 

:

(A)

(y) (x)

(A)

(Ra) (Nu<sub>m</sub>) (A=10) .( (A=1) ) (A=1) [12] (6) . . (3) (A) (7) (Symmetry line) (A = 1) (Ra) (θ<sub>o</sub>) (A) (1) (0.5) (θ<sub>o</sub>=1) . . (4) -2 : . (Ra) (8) (A) (A=1)  $(\theta_{max})$ (Y=0.5) (Ra) (A>4) (Ra  $\leq 100$ )  $(\theta_{max})$ .( ) ( ) (A=4) .[15] [15] . %5 . (5) (Nu<sub>m</sub>) (A) . (Ra ≤ 50) (Nu<sub>m</sub>) (A) (A) (9) (6)

-4

-5

:

 $(Ra=10^3)$ 

-3

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 $(Ra=10^3)$ (A = 10) (A = 1)

:

 $(\theta_{o})$ 

(10)

 $(\theta_{max})$ 

:

(Ra)  $(\theta_{max})$ (Adiabatic Horizontal Wall) (Cold Horizontal Wall)

> (A = 10)(A = 1)

> > -1

-2

-3

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(5)

.(Nu<sub>m</sub>)



مجلة الهندسة والتكنلوجيا،المجلد26،العدد4،2008









