

## Kirkuk University Journal for Agricultural Sciences ISSN:2958-6585

1SSN:2958-6585 https://kujas.uokirkuk.edu.iq



RESEARCH ARTICLE

https://doi.org. 10.58928/ku24.15314

# Groundwater Quality Assessment for Irrigation purposes in Kirkuk Governorate.

Asia Abdulgadr Mohammed<sup>1</sup>

Dalshad R Azeez<sup>1</sup>

Department of Soil Science and Water Resources, College of Agriculture, University of Kirkuk, IRAQ.

\*Corresponding Author: aksm22001@uokirkuk.edu.iq.

Received: 24/06/2024 Revised: 03/08/2024 Accepted: 08/08/2024 Published: 01/09/2024

#### **ABSTRACT**

The study of groundwater quality is important as one of the main freshwater resources that are used for various purposes, including the irrigation of agricultural crops. The study aims to identify the chemical composition of groundwater in Kirkuk Governorate, and evaluate its quality for irrigation purposes. The irrigation water quality index (IWQI) method [1] is one of the most important indicators of irrigation water quality. It is mainly used to evaluate water for agricultural purposes, using the technique of analysing multiple variables. The study area is located between two latitudes (35° 23′51″-35° 29′ 50″) N and longitudes (44° 12′47″-44° 27′81″) E and has a total area of about (305158.41) hectares. Samples were collected during September (2023), where sixty wells randomly distributed in the study area were selected, chemical and physical analyzes were conducted, GIS technology was used to perform spatial analysis using (Arc GIS v,10.4.1), IWQI irrigation water quality index was determined with five parameters including, electrical conductivity EC, sodium Na, chlorides Cl , bicarbonate HCO3 ions and Sodium absorption ratio SAR. The values of the irrigation water quality index IWQI ranged between 46.37 and 86.59. The spatial distribution map of the irrigation water quality index showed that 0.02% of the study area was classified as excellent restrictions and determinants for irrigation purposes, and that 88.97% of them were classified as having low restrictions and determinants. In comparison, 10.98% of them were classified as having moderate restrictions and 0.02% occupied a small area west of the study area within high use restrictions.

Keywords: groundwater, IWQI, SAR, GIS, Kirkuk, Iraq.

Copyright © 2024. This is an open-access article distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution License.

#### INTRODUCTION

The world, including Iraq, is deficient in water sources, one of which is groundwater, which is necessary for daily, agricultural and industrial use, and it faces many environmental pollution problems due to the increased demand for it as a result of population growth [2]. Water is a pressing factor for all living things on Earth[3]. The limited natural resources in dry areas are accompanied by a decrease of agricultural from these resources are unable to find alternative sources to meet the growing needs of food[4]. Groundwater is one of the most important water resources because it accounts for 71.7% of potable water in the world and includes groundwater and springs, which are mainly arising from rainwater and irrigation water that exudes into the ground and stores under its surface in in non-porous layers for the formation of groundwater aquifer [5].

which method [1]is one of the most important indicators of irrigation water quality, which is mainly used in the evaluation of water for agricultural purposes and is based on the multivariate analysis technique.

The IWQI index [1] is one of the most widely is applied in irrigation water classification systems, with the limited number of parameters, the availability of data, and the ease of obtaining their estimates, in addition to its relative modernity, all that made it the subject of study by many researchers and those interested in irrigation water quality issues.

The IWQI Index has been used to assess irrigation water quality for the Halabja - Sayed Sadiq Basin in Iraq during wet and dry seasons by [6], also for several underground reservoirs in Halayeb and Shalateen south eastern desert of Egypt [7], in northwestern Minya Governorate in Egypt by [8]. Also in the regions of Chabahar, Sistan and Baluchestan southeastern Iran by [9]. [10] showed during their study of groundwater in some areas of Mosul city in terms of its suitability for irrigation using IWQI, that the quality of the studied water was suitable for irrigation, the water class (excellent and good).

#### **Materials and Methods**

2.1. Description of the study are The study included a group of groundwater wells within (Daquq, Taza, Laylan, Qara Hanjir) area in the province of Kirkuk / northern Iraq, which is located between longitudes (44° 12′ 47″ - 44° 27′ 81″) E and latitudes (35° 23′ 51″ - 35° 29′ 50″) N, total area of about (305158.41) hectares (Figure 1). These waters are mostly used in agriculture, livestock and animal husbandry.

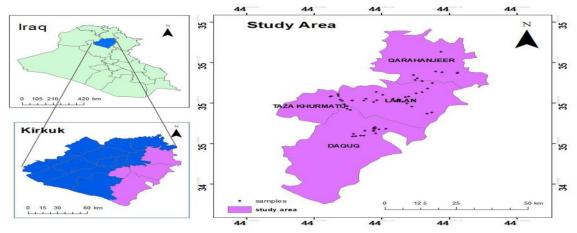


Figure 1: The study area location showing the groundwater wells.

#### 2.2. Water sampling and field tests:

The samples were collected during the September (2023), where sixty wells distributed randomly in the study area were selected, the water samples from the well were collected in plastic bottles with a capacity of 1.5 liters after operating the well for 15 minutes to get rid of the stagnant water in the pipes. The bottles were washed with well water first and then filled to the edge to avoid exposure to ventilation, the samples were transferred to the laboratory and placed in the refrigerator at a temperature of (4) ° C to prevent the growth of fungi until laboratory analysis [11].

#### 2.3. Water Analysis

Some chemical analysis for soil samples were done as shown in table 1

Table 1: Laboratory Analysis for Some Chemical Characteristics

Parameter	Methods
EC (dS.m <sup>-1</sup> )	EC meter
$Na^{+1}(Meq.L^{-1})$	Flame Photometer
$Cl^{-1}(Meq.L^{-1})$	EDTA with AgNO3 0.005N
$HCO3^{-1}(Meq.L^{-1})$	EDTA with HCl
$Ca^{+2}$ , $Mg^{+2}(Meq.L^{-1})$	EDTA Method

-Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR) represents the relative effectiveness of sodium ion to the ratio of calcium and magnesium ions, calculated according to the following equation [12]

$$SAR = \frac{Na}{\sqrt{\frac{Ca + Mg}{2}} \dots \dots \dots (1)}$$

- The irrigation water quality index (IWQI) was calculated through the following equation referred by [1], which is used to assess water quality for agricultural purposes, this is calculated in three steps:

First Step: Five indicators were used to calculate IWQI includes (EC, Na, Cl, HCO3, and SAR). To calculate each of these indicators, the calculation of the relative weight and the value of the qi water quality measurement were used.

Second step: - Measuring the quality of irrigation water qi based on the different parameters recommended by [13]. The qi value is estimated as shown in Table 2 and calculated using equation (2)

$$qi = qmax - \left(\frac{(Xij - Xinf) \times qimap}{Xamp}\right) \dots \dots (2)$$

Whereas: -

qi: - Water Quality Measurement

qmax:-Maximum value per item

XIJ:-Measured value per parameter

Xinf:-Represents the minimum value of the item that the parameter follows

qimap:-represents the capacity of the item

Xamp:-Represents the value corresponding to the item capacity that the parameter follows

Where the qi index quality ranged (0-100) corresponding to the concentration.

Table2:Irrigation water quality parameters and their proposed limiting.

qi	SA	EC (dS.m <sup>-1</sup> )	Na (Meq.L <sup>-1</sup> )	Cl (Meq.L <sup>-1</sup> )	HCO3 (Meq.L <sup>-</sup>
85-100	<3	200-750	2-3	<4	1-1.5
60-85	3-6	750-1500	3-6	4-7	1.5-4.5
35-60	6-12	1500-3000	6-9	7-10	4.5-8.5
less than 35	>12	<200 or>3000	<2 or>9	>10	<1or>8.5

To calculate the relative weight values Wi, the equation proposed by [1] was used, which was formulated based on its relative importance to the quality of irrigation water. As shown in Table (3).

Table (3) The weights of the IWQI parameters (3)

1. parameters	2. Wwi
3. EC	4. <b>0.211</b>
5. SAR	6. <b>0.204</b>
7. Na	8. <b>0.202</b>
9. Cl	10. <b>0.194</b>
11. HCO <sub>3</sub>	12. <b>0</b> .189

Calculate the irrigation water quality index IWQI from the following equation [1]:

$$IWQI = \sum_{i=1}^{n} qiwi \dots \dots (3)$$

the IWQI value ranges between (0-100) and is classified into five categories (Table 4), where these categories were determined based on soil permeability and problems of salinity risk and ion toxicity for plants

Table4: Classification of groundwater quality for the investigated sites based on IWQI

IWQI	Values and type of	Recommendations for	Crops and soil
	restriction	plants	Soil
85-100	No restriction	No toxicity	Groundwater can be used for all types of soil as low risk of soil salinity and sodicity is prevailed
70-85	Low restriction	Avoid the use of salt sensitive	Groundwater can be used for light soil texture with high sand content ,moderate to high permeability
55-70	Moderate restriction	Moderate sait tolerance plants	Groundwater can beused for moderate to high permeable soil taking in consideration moderate soil leaching processes
40-55	High restriction	Moderate to high tolerance plants	This range of water can be used in soils with high permeadility without compact layers. High frequency irrigation schedule.

High salt tolerance plants only

#### Results and Discussion

0 - 40

The electrical conductivity values, sodium concentrations, chloride, bicarbonate and sodium adsorption percentage in water were used to estimate the irrigation water quality index (IWQI), as the higher the value, the better the irrigation water quality.

figure (2) showed that.... four classes of irrigation water quality index have no restrictions (85-100), low (70-85), moderate (55-70), high (40-55), for an area of 0.49 hectares, 2715.12 hectares, 335.19 hectares and 0.71 hectares respectively, with a percentage of 0.02% which occupying a small part of the center of a study area, 88.97% covering many parts of the study areas, 10.98% occupying a small area of the study area, and 0.02% occupying a small area of the west of the study area respectively.

The results in Table (5) showed that IWQI ranged between 46.37-86.59, with a general average of 72.40, the highest value was in well No. 48, and the lowest value in well No. 19, which represent the districts of (Laylan and Taza) respectively. The water of the well No. (19) falls within high use restrictions, and the values of the quality index range from 40 to 55, which can be used in high-permeable soils, which contain compressed layers requires periodic plowing, and must be done. In addition, the water of (17) wells was classified as moderate use restrictions, where the values of the irrigation water quality index were between 55 to 70. This type of water is suitable for the irrigation of medium-tolerance crops, which are grown in medium soil with high permeability. With moderate washing of salts to prevent soil degradation. The results also showed that there were (41) wells, its water with low specifications for use for irrigation purposes, where the value of the water quality index ranged between 70 to 85. This type of water is suitable for the irrigation of salt-sensitive plants, considering its use for light-strength or medium-permeable soils. The results showed that well No. (48) has good specifications and there are no restrictions for use for irrigation purposes. 12.1 Table (5) Irrigation Water Quality Index for Well groundwater Samples for the Study area

	12.1.	Table (5) I	rrigation V	Vater Qua	lity Index for	: Well grou	undwater S	Samples fo	or the Stud	y area	
12.2. N	12.3. qi					12.5. qi	*wi				12.6. I
O.	-					•					WQI
12.7. S	12.8. E	12.9. S	12.10.	12.11.	12.12.	12.13.	12.14.	12.15.	12.16.	12.17.	
ampl	C	AR	a	1	CO3	C	AR	a	1	CO3	
e											
12.18.	12.19.	12.20.	12.21.	12.22.	12.23.	12.24.	12.25.	12.26.	12.27.	12.28.	12.29.
	2.67	4.4	1.67	8.56	1.25	1.11	7.84	6.66	7.18	.33	1.13
12.30.	12.31.	12.32.	12.33.	12.34.	12.35.	12.36.	12.37.	12.38.	12.39.	12.40.	12.41.
	9.67	4.9	9.50	5.13	7.50	2.59	7.94	8.26	8.45	3.64	0.87
12.42.	12.43.	12.44.	12.45.	12.46.	12.47.	12.48.	12.49.	12.50.	12.51.	12.52.	12.53.
	4.33	6.72	8.50	5.31	0.00	3.57	8.28	0.09	8.49	2.12	2.56
12.54.	12.55.	12.56.	12.57.	12.58.	12.59.	12.60.	12.61.	12.62.	12.63.	12.64.	12.65.
	1.67	6.25	.00	8.94	6.88	5.12	8.19	.43	7.25	1.49	3.48
12.66.	12.67.	12.68.	12.69.	12.70.	12.71.	12.72.	12.73.	12.74.	12.75.	12.76.	12.77.
	2.00	7.55	7.50	0.81	0.83	7.30	8.44	.57	7.62	2.29	9.21
12.78.	12.79.	12.80.	12.81.	12.82.	12.83.	12.84.	12.85.	12.86.	12.87.	12.88.	12.89.
	1.33	5.7	8.50	3.25	0.63	5.05	8.09	0.09	8.09	0.23	1.55
12.90.	12.91.	12.92.	12.93.	12.94.	12.95.	12.96.	12.97.	12.98.	12.99.	12.100.	12.101.
	9.00	4.7	8.00	2.88	3.75	2.45	7.90	7.95	8.02	0.86	7.17
12.102.	12.103.	12.104.	12.105.	12.106.	12.107.	12.108.	12.109.	12.110.	12.111.	12.112.	12.113.
	0.00	5.2	2.50	2.13	6.25	2.66	7.99	8.87	7.87	1.36	8.76
12.114.	12.115.	12.116.	12.117.	12.118.	12.119.	12.120.	12.121.	12.122.	12.123.	12.124.	12.125.
	6.83	4.45	9.17	0.44	4.38	.88	7.85	6.15	7.54	0.98	2.41
12.126.	12.127.	12.128.	12.129.	12.130.	12.131.	12.132.	12.133.	12.134.	12.135.	12.136.	12.137.
0	9.67	4.7	1.67	2.88	1.67	0.48	7.90	6.66	8.02	2.46	5.51
12.138.	12.139.	12.140.	12.141.	12.142.	12.143.	12.144.	12.145.	12.146.	12.147.	12.148.	12.149.
1	0.33	5.95	1.00	9.31	9.38	2.73	8.13	8.56	7.33	1.99	8.75
12.150.	12.151.	12.152.	12.153.	12.154.	12.155.	12.156.	12.157.	12.158.	12.159.	12.160.	12.161.
2	3.67	7.5	7.68	5.50	0.50	7.65	8.43	.61	8.53	.12	0.33
12.162.	12.163.	12.164.	12.165.	12.166.	12.167.	12.168.	12.169.	12.170.	12.171.	12.172.	12.173.
3	0.33	7.6	7.50	6.81	1.67	6.95	8.45	.57	8.78	2.46	0.21
12.174.	12.175.	12.176.	12.177.	12.178.	12.179.	12.180.	12.181.	12.182.	12.183.	12.184.	12.185.
4	3.33	8	1.00	5.13	9.17	7.58	8.52	.28	8.45	3.97	2.82
12.186.	12.187.	12.188.	12.189.	12.190.	12.191.	12.192.	12.193.	12.194.	12.195.	12.196.	12.197.

5	9.17	5.95	5.50	2.50	9.38	2.48	8.13	9.48	7.95	1.99	0.04
12.198.	12.199.	12.200.	12.201.	12.202.	12.203.	12.204.	12.205.	12.206.	12.207.	12.208.	12.209.
6	5.17	4.2	2.50	2.69	0.00	1.64	7.80	6.83	7.98	2.12	6.38
12.210. 7	12.211. 2.83	12.212. 0.2	12.213. 2.50	12.214. 0.44	12.215. 7.50	12.216. .93	12.217. 7.05	12.218. 0.71	12.219. 7.54	12.220. 3.64	12.221. 5.86
12.222.	12.223.	12.224.	12.225.	12.226.	12.227.	12.228.	12.229.	12.230.	12.231.	12.232.	12.233.
8	6.86	2.55	5.00	1.75	8.75	.67	7.49	1.22	7.80	1.87	4.05
12.234.	12.235.	12.236.	12.237.	12.238.	12.239.	12.240.	12.241.	12.242.	12.243.	12.244.	12.245.
9	4.59	6.16	.00	0.00	6.88	.08	6.28	.00	5.52	1.49	6.37
12.246.	12.247.	12.248.	12.249.	12.250.	12.251.	12.252.	12.253.	12.254.	12.255.	12.256.	12.257.
0	4.82	9.45	1.50	6.63	2.50	0.01	8.80	.43	8.75	6.67	0.64
12.258.	12.259.	12.260.	12.261.	12.262.	12.263.	12.264.	12.265.	12.266.	12.267.	12.268.	12.269.
1	5.27	7.75	9.25	6.63	1.88	7.99	8.47	.93	8.75	0.48	9.62
12.270.	12.271.	12.272.	12.273.	12.274.	12.275.	12.276.	12.277.	12.278.	12.279.	12.280.	12.281.
2	7.99	1.65	4.17	1.67	4.17	.91	7.32	1.05	5.84	2.96	3.08
12.282.	12.283.	12.284.	12.285.	12.286.	12.287.	12.288.	12.289.	12.290.	12.291.	12.292.	12.293.
3	3.11	2.8	4.17	8.75	8.13	.99	7.54	3.09	7.22	.72	4.55
12.294.	12.295.	12.296.	12.297.	12.298.	12.299.	12.300.	12.301.	12.302.	12.303.	12.304.	12.305.
4	4.65	1.2	0.83	6.88	1.25	.31	7.24	2.41	6.85	0.35	4.16
12.306. 5	12.307. 1.60	12.308. 3.7	12.309.	12.310.	12.311.	12.312. .56	12.313. 7.71	12.314. 1.56	12.315. 7.36	12.316. 1.49	12.317. 2.68
12.318.	1.00	12.320.	6.67 12.321.	9.50 12.322.	6.88 12.323.	.30 12.324.	12.325.	1.30	12.327.	1.49	12.329.
6	12.319. 1.67	4.15	6.67	12.322.	5.63	.79	7.79	5.64	7.84	.22	9.28
12.330.	12.331.	12.332.	12.333.	12.334.	12.335.	12.336.	12.337.	12.338.	12.339.	12.340.	12.341.
7	4.02	2.55	3.33	1.25	6.88	.18	7.49	2.92	5.76	1.49	4.84
12.342.	12.343.	12.344.	12.345.	12.346.	12.347.	12.348.	12.349.	12.350.	12.351.	12.352.	12.353.
8	2.36	8.3	4.50	6.44	3.33	9.49	8.58	.00	8.71	4.81	6.59
12.354.	12.355.	12.356.	12.357.	12.358.	12.359.	12.360.	12.361.	12.362.	12.363.	12.364.	12.365.
9	4.44	3.6	8.33	6.25	7.50	.27	7.69	3.94	8.67	3.64	1.20
12.366.	12.367.	12.368.	12.369.	12.370.	12.371.	12.372.	12.373.	12.374.	12.375.	12.376.	12.377.
0	1.17	1.35	4.17	7.81	4.17	.69	7.27	3.09	7.04	2.96	9.04
12.378.	12.379.	12.380.	12.381.	12.382.	12.383.	12.384.	12.385.	12.386.	12.387.	12.388.	12.389.
1	9.00	4.55	5.50	0.25	4.17	6.67	7.87	9.48	7.51	2.96	4.49
12.390.	12.391.	12.392.	12.393.	12.394.	12.395.	12.396.	12.397.	12.398.	12.399.	12.400.	12.401.
2	2.33	2.7	1.67	4.00	4.17	3.15	7.52	6.66	8.24	2.96	8.53
12.402. 3	12.403. 2.00	12.404. 6.2	12.405. .50	12.406. 6.06	12.407. 2.50	12.408. 5.19	12.409. 8.18	12.410. .71	12.411. 8.64	12.412. 2.63	12.413. 5.35
3 12.414.	12.415.	0.2 12.416.	.30 12.417.	12.418.	12.419.	12.420.	12.421.	12.422.	12.423.	12.424.	12.425.
12.414. 4	6.33	6.8	0.50	5.31	0.00	6.11	8.30	.14	8.49	4.14	9.17
	12.427.	12.428.	12.429.	12.430.	12.431.	12.432.		12.434.	12.435.	12.436.	12.437.
5	3.45	8.4	6.25	6.06	7.50	9.72	8.60	.36	8.64	3.64	5.94
12.438.	12.439.	12.440.	12.441.	12.442.	12.443.	12.444.		12.446.	12.447.	12.448.	12.449.
6	9.36	8.55	6.25	3.81	5.83	8.86	8.63	.36	8.20	3.30	4.33
12.450.	12.451.	12.452.	12.453.	12.454.	12.455.	12.456.	12.457.	12.458.	12.459.	12.460.	12.461.
7	1.00	7.75	1.00	7.75	0.83	9.20	8.47	.28	8.96	2.29	3.21
12.462.	12.463.	12.464.	12.465.	12.466.	12.467.	12.468.	12.469.	12.470.	12.471.	12.472.	12.473.
8	8.55	7.75	1.00	4.56	5.83	8.68	8.47	.28	8.35	3.30	3.08
	12.475.	12.476.	12.477.	12.478.		12.480.			12.483.	12.484.	12.485.
9	3.73	8.45	6.25	6.44	5.00	9.78	8.61	.36	8.71	3.13	5.58
	12.487.	12.488.		12.490.	12.491.	12.492.		12.494.	12.495.	12.496.	12.497.
0	3.33	8.5	4.50	4.75	1.88	7.58	8.62	.00	8.38	0.48	0.06
	12.499.	12.500.	12.501.	12.502.	12.503.	12.504.		12.506.	12.507.	12.508.	12.509.
1 12.510.	3.18	7.85	2.75	6.44 12.514	2.50	9.66 12.516	8.49 12.517	.64 12 518	8.71 12.510	2.63	4.13
12.510.	12.511. 7.50	12.512. 6.85	12.513. .50	12.514. 4.56	12.515. 1.88	12.516. 2.13	12.517. 8.30	12.518. .71	12.519. 8.35	12.520. 0.48	12.521. 9.98
12.522.	12.523.	12.524.	12.525.	12.526.	1.88	12.528.	12.529.	12.530.	12.531.	12.532.	12.533.
3	5.67	7.35	3.13	4.94	3.13	3.86	8.40	.68	8.42	0.73	4.08
_		12.536.					12.541.			12.544.	12.545.

4	4.27	7.6	2.75	7.19	4.17	9.89	8.45	.64	8.85	2.96	4.80
12.546.	12.547.	12.548.	12.549.	12.550.	12.551.	12.552.	12.553.	12.554.	12.555.	12.556.	12.557.
5	3.45	8.55	6.25	7.00	1.67	9.72	8.63	.36	8.82	4.48	7.00
12.558.	12.559.	12.560.	12.561.	12.562.	12.563.	12.564.	12.565.	12.566.	12.567.	12.568.	12.569.
6	0.33	8.15	1.00	6.06	8.33	6.95	8.55	.28	8.64	5.82	4.24
12.570.	12.571.	12.572.	12.573.	12.574.	12.575.	12.576.	12.577.	12.578.	12.579.	12.580.	12.581.
7	0.00	7.8	9.25	5.50	4.17	6.88	8.48	.93	8.53	2.96	0.78
12.582.	12.583.	12.584.	12.585.	12.586.	12.587.	12.588.	12.589.	12.590.	12.591.	12.592.	12.593.
8	4.67	1.4	2.50	6.81	8.33	7.86	7.27	8.87	8.78	3.80	6.59
12.594.	12.595.	12.596.	12.597.	12.598.	12.599.	12.600.	12.601.	12.602.	12.603.	12.604.	12.605.
9	6.91	7.6	9.25	6.63	7.50	8.34	8.45	.93	8.75	1.62	1.07
12.606.	12.607.	12.608.	12.609.	12.610.	12.611.	12.612.	12.613.	12.614.	12.615.	12.616.	12.617.
0	5.00	0.75	5.83	6.06	9.17	1.61	7.15	5.47	8.64	3.97	6.83
12.618.	12.619.	12.620.	12.621.	12.622.	12.623.	12.624.	12.625.	12.626.	12.627.	12.628.	12.629.
1	5.55	7.85	1.00	5.50	0.83	8.05	8.49	.28	8.53	4.31	3.66
12.630.	12.631.	12.632.	12.633.	12.634.	12.635.	12.636.	12.637.	12.638.	12.639.	12.640.	12.641.
2	5.09	9.7	3.25	7.19	3.33	0.06	8.84	.78	8.85	4.81	9.36
12.642.	12.643.	12.644.	12.645.	12.646.	12.647.	12.648.	12.649.	12.650.	12.651.	12.652.	12.653.
3	2.36	7.8	2.75	5.50	7.50	9.49	8.48	.64	8.53	3.64	4.78
12.654.	12.655.	12.656.	12.657.	12.658.	12.659.	12.660.	12.661.	12.662.	12.663.	12.664.	12.665.
4	3.18	6.85	7.50	7.56	6.25	9.66	8.30	.57	8.93	1.36	1.83
12.666.	12.667.	12.668.	12.669.	12.670.	12.671.	12.672.	12.673.	12.674.	12.675.	12.676.	12.677.
5	5.64	8.2	6.25	7.38	8.75	0.18	8.56	.36	8.89	1.87	4.85
12.678.	12.679.	12.680.	12.681.	12.682.	12.683.	12.684.	12.685.	12.686.	12.687.	12.688.	12.689.
6	4.55	9.4	1.50	6.44	8.75	9.95	8.79	.43	8.71	1.87	5.74
12.690.	12.691.	12.692.	12.693.	12.694.	12.695.	12.696.	12.697.	12.698.	12.699.	12.700.	12.701.
7	6.45	9.7	3.25	6.25	3.75	0.35	8.84	.78	8.67	0.86	5.51
12.702.	12.703.	12.704.	12.705.	12.706.	12.707.	12.708.	12.709.	12.710.	12.711.	12.712.	12.713.
8	6.73	8.95	9.75	6.81	8.13	0.41	8.70	.07	8.78	1.74	5.70
12.714.	12.715.	12.716.	12.717.	12.718.	12.719.	12.720.	12.721.	12.722.	12.723.	12.724.	12.725.
9	2.91	9.65	3.25	6.25	1.67	9.60	8.83	.78	8.67	2.46	6.35
12.726.	12.727.	12.728.	12.729.	12.730.	12.731.	12.732.	12.733.	12.734.	12.735.	12.736.	12.737.
0	1.55	8.85	8.00	4.94	7.50	9.32	8.68	.71	8.42	1.62	3.74

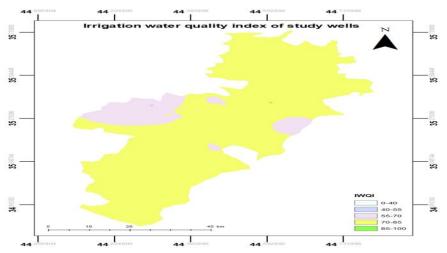


Figure 2 irrigation water quality index map of the study area

#### Conclusion

Through the detailed study of the variation of groundwater characteristics in different areas of Kirkuk from determining the irrigation water quality index with five parameters, it was found that most of the study area (88.97%) has low water quality restrictions for irrigation purposes and that it is suitable for irrigating salt-sensitive crops. With a percentage of 0.02%, it

occupied a small part of the center of a study area with good specifications and no restrictions on use for irrigation, 10.98% occupied the west and various parts of the study area within the use of moderate restrictions, and 0.02% occupied a small area of the west of the study area within high use restrictions.

#### .REFERENCES

- [1].Meireles, A., Andrade, E.M., Chaves, L., Frischkorn, H. and Crisostomo, L.A., (2010). A new proposal of the classification of irrigation water, Revista Ciencia A gronomica, 41(3): 349-357.
- [2].Ali, k. D. (2023). Groundwater and its detection by geophysical methods (Review). Kirkuk University Journal For Agricultural Sciences, 14(4), 243-253.
- [3].Ahmed ,A.B.(2023) Assessing Sirwan River Water Quality based on a single-factor assessment and comprehensive pollution index methods. Kirkuk University Journal for Agricultural Sciences, Vol. 14, No. 4, 2023 (153-164)
- [4].Hameed ,A.I.(2019). Modification properties Groundwater for Irrigation Use By Magnetic Technique Of Some Wells Kirkuk city. Journal of kirkuk University for Agricultural Sciences ... Vol (10) No. (3) .
- [5].Muhammed,S.F(2018). Study of some Physical and chemical Properties of some Wells, Springs and Aaw Spee river's water of Qadr Karam district and their Suitability for drinking and Irrigation purposes. Journal of kirkuk University for Agricultural Sciences ...Vol (9) No. (4)
- [6].Abdullah ,T.O .,Ali, S.S .and Al Ansari ,N.A(2016).Groundwater assessment of Halabja saidsadiq basin ,Kurdistan region ,NE of Iraq using vulnerability mapping .Arab J Geosci9(3),223.
- [7].Heba. S.A ,Hassan .A .A .and Faid. A.M,(2016).Assessment of Groundwater quality for different Aquifers in Halaib and shalatien at South Eastern Desert of Egypt .Journal of soil Sciences and Agricultural Engineering ,Mansoura Univ.11(6),203-214.
- [8]. Abdulhady, Y., Zaghlol, E. and Gedamy, Y(2018). Assessment of the groundwater quality of the Quaternary Aquifer in reclaimed areas at the Northwestern El-Minya Governorate-Egypt, using the water quality index. International Journal of Recent Scientific Research 9(1),23033-23047.
- [9]. Abbasnia A, Alimohammad, I.M. Mahvi A. H, Nabizadch. R, Yousef .M, Mohammadi .H Passalari. Hand Mirzabi .H M.(2018). Assessment of geoundwater quality and evaluation of scaling and corrosiveness potential of drinking water samples in villages of chabahr city, sistan and Baluchistan province in Iran. Data Brief16:182-92.
- [10]. Al-Assaf, A.Y.R., Talat, R.A., and Al-Saffawi, A.Y.T.(2020). Suitability of water for irrigation and livestock watering purpose using IWQI model: the case study Groundwater quality of some quarters of mosul city .Iraq Plant Archives 20(1): 1797-1802.
- [11]. APHA, AWWA and WCPE (2017). "Stand Method for Examination of water and wastewater American public Health Association, 23RD ed., Washington DC, USA.
- [12]. Chegbeleh, L. P., Akurugu, B. A., and Yidana, S. M., (2020). Assessment of Groundwater Quality in the Talensi District, Northern Ghana. The Scientific World Journal, (8450860):1.24.
- [13]. Ayers,R.Sand Westcot,D.W(1999).Water quality for agriculture.2ndCampina Grand: UFPB. Studies FAO Irrigation and Drainage paper No.29.FAO :Rome.

### تقييم جودة المياه الجوفية لاغراض الري في محافظة كركوك.

آسيا عبد القادر محمد القادر محمد القادر محمد القادر محمد القادر محمد القدر المائية ، كلية الزراعة ، جامعة كركوك ، العراق

الخلاصة

تعتبر دراسة جودة المياه الجوفية مهمة كأحد موارد المياه العذبة الرئيسية التي تستخدم لأغراض مختلفة ، بما في ذلك ري المحاصيل الزراعية. تهدف الدراسة إلى التعرف على التركيب الكيميائي للمياه الجوفية في محافظة كركوك، وتقييم جودتها لأغراض الري ومؤشر جودة مياه الري التي تستخدم بدرجة رئيسة في تقييم المياه للأغراض الزراعية على تقنية تحليل المتغيرات المتعددة (Multivariant analysis). تقع منطقة الدراسة جودة مياه الري التي تستخدم بدرجة رئيسة في تقييم المياه للأغراض الزراعية على تقنية تحليل المتغيرات المتعددة (Multivariant analysis) هكتارا. اذ جمعت بين خطي عرض (35° 23′15″-35° 29′ 50″) شمالا وخط طول (44° 12′74″-44° 27′18″) شرقا وعلى مساحة بلغت حوالي (2023) الاكتمائية والفيزيائية وتم رسم خريطة التوزيع اليانات خلال شهر سبتمبر (2023) اذ تم اختيار 60 بئرا موزعة عشوائيا في منطقة الدراسة وإجريت عدد من التحاليل الكيميائية والفيزيائية وتم رسم خريطة التوزيع المكاني باستخدام (10.4.1, Arc GIS و بيكربونات 10.4.3 وتم تحديد مؤشر جودة مياه الري الموحدي ومحددات ممازة تشمل التوصيل الكهربائي SAR والصوديوم المكاني المكاني لمؤشر جودة مياه الري أن 0.02٪ من مساحة الدراسة صنفت على أنها ذات قيود ومحددات منخفضة، في حين صنفت نسبة 10.9٪ منها على أنها ذات قيود ومحددات منخفضة، في حين صنفت نسبة 10.9٪ منها على أنها ذات قيود ومحددات منخفضة، في حين صنفت نسبة 10.9٪ منها على أنها ذات قيود ومحددات منخفضة، في حين صنفت نسبة 20.9٪ من مساحة صنفت على أنها ذات قيود ومحددات منخفضة، في حين صنفت نسبة 20.9٪ منها على أنها ذات قيود ومحددات منخفضة، في حين صنفت نسبة 20.9٪ من مساحة صغيرة من غرب منطقة الدراسة ضمن قيود الاستخدام العالى.

الكلمات المفتاحية: مياه جو فية، دليل جو دة المياه الري ،نسبة امتز از الصو ديو م ،نظم المعلو مات الجغر افية، كر كوك ،العر اق.